

FT 13058

FORM 487
(Pre-effective pricing amendment.)

Filed 07/08/26

Address 120 EAST LIBERTY DRIVE, SUITE 400
C/O FIRST TRUST PORTFOLIOS L.P.
WHEATON, IL, 60187
Telephone 630 765 8000
CIK 0002129805
Fiscal Year 12/31

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6

FOR REGISTRATION UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 OF SECURITIES OF UNIT INVESTMENT TRUSTS
REGISTERED ON FORM N-8B-2

A. Exact name of trust:

FT 13058

B. Name of depositor:

FIRST TRUST PORTFOLIOS L.P.

C. Complete address of depositor's principal executive offices:

120 East Liberty Drive
Suite 400
Wheaton, Illinois 60187

D. Name and complete address of agents for service:

Copy to:

JAMES A. BOWEN
c/o First Trust Portfolios L.P.
120 East Liberty Drive
Suite 400
Wheaton, Illinois 60187

ERIC F. FESS
c/o Chapman and Cutler LLP
320 South Canal Street
27th Floor
Chicago, Illinois 60606

E. Title and Amount of Securities Being Registered:

An indefinite number of Units pursuant to Rule 24f-2 promulgated under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

F. Approximate date of proposed sale to public:

As soon as practicable after the effective date of the Registration Statement.

Check box if it is proposed that this filing will become effective on July 8, 2026 at 2:00 p.m. pursuant to Rule 487.

Vest Large Cap Deep Buffered 30 Portfolio, Series 60

FT 13058

FT 13058 is a series of a unit investment trust, the FT Series. FT 13058 consists of a single portfolio known as Vest Large Cap Deep Buffered 30 Portfolio, Series 60 (the "Trust"). The Trust invests in a portfolio of FLEXible EXchange[®] Options ("FLEX Options" or "Securities") and cash. The Trust is designed to participate in positive price returns of the State Street[®] SPDR[®] S&P 500[®] ETF Trust ("SPY" or the "Underlying ETF") up to a cap of

12.79% (before applicable sales charges and organization costs), 10.29% (after sales charges and organization costs for Units purchased through a traditional brokerage account) and 11.81% (after sales charges and organization costs for Units purchased through a “wrap fee” account), while seeking to provide a buffer against the first 30% of Underlying ETF losses (before applicable sales charges and organization costs) (“Outcomes”) over the period from the Trust’s inception (July 8, 2026) until the Trust’s termination date (October 12, 2027) (the “Outcome Period”). Returns after application of the buffer will be reduced by –2.20% for Units purchased through a traditional brokerage account and –0.86% for Units purchased through a “wrap fee” account. **The Trust seeks to achieve specified Outcomes but there is no guarantee that the Outcomes for the Outcome Period will be achieved. You may lose some or all of your money by investing in the Trust.**

The Outcomes described in this prospectus are specifically designed to apply only if you hold Units on the first day of the Outcome Period and continue to hold them on the last day of the period. **If you sell or redeem your Units before the Outcome Period ends, you may receive a very different return based on the Trust’s current value.**

THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (“SEC”) HAS NOT APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED OF THESE SECURITIES OR PASSED UPON THE ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

FIRST TRUST®

800–621–1675

The date of this prospectus is July 8, 2026

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Summary of Essential Information (Unaudited)

VEST LARGE CAP DEEP BUFFERED 30 PORTFOLIO, SERIES 60 FT 13058

At the Opening of Business on the Initial Date of Deposit—July 8, 2026

Sponsor: First Trust Portfolios L.P.
Trustee: The Bank of New York Mellon

Initial Number of Units (1)	14,891
Fractional Undivided Interest in the Trust per Unit (1)	1/14,891
Public Offering Price:	
Public Offering Price per Unit (2)	\$ 10.226
Less Initial Sales Charge per Unit (3)	(.138)
Aggregate Offering Price Evaluation of Securities per Unit (4)	10.088
Redemption Price per Unit (5)	10.088
Less Creation and Development Fee per Unit (3)(5)	(.050)
Less Organization Costs per Unit (5)	(.038)
Net Asset Value per Unit (5)	\$ 10.000
First Settlement Date	July 9, 2026
Mandatory Termination Date (6)	October 12, 2027
Cash CUSIP Number	30345L 666
Fee Account CUSIP Number	30345L 674
Ticker Symbol	FLNRFX

- (1) As of the Initial Evaluation Time (defined below in footnote 4) on the Initial Date of Deposit, we may adjust the number of Units of the Trust so that the Net Asset Value per Unit will equal approximately \$10.00. If we make such adjustment, the fractional undivided interest per Unit will vary from the amount indicated above.
- (2) The Public Offering Price shown above reflects the value of the Securities on the business day prior to the Initial Date of Deposit. The price you pay for your Units will be based on their valuation at the Evaluation Time on the date you purchase your Units.
- (3) You will pay a maximum sales charge of 1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit (equivalent to 1.88% of the net amount invested) which consists of an initial sales charge and a creation and development fee. Investors will not be assessed a sales charge on the portion of their Units represented by cash deposited to pay the Trust's organization costs and creation and development fee.
- (4) Each FLEX Option is generally valued based on the last quoted sale price where readily available and appropriate as discussed under "Public Offering—The Value of the Securities." On the Initial Date of Deposit, the evaluations for purposes of determining the purchase, sale or redemption price of Units will be at 2:30 p.m. Eastern time (the "Initial Evaluation Time"). Subsequent to the Initial Date of Deposit, evaluations will be made as of the close of trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") (generally 4:00 p.m. Eastern time) on each day on which it is open (the "Evaluation Time").
- (5) The Net Asset Value per Unit figure reflects the deduction of the creation and development fee and estimated organization costs, which will be deducted from the assets of the Trust at the end of the initial offering period. The Redemption Price per Unit does not reflect the deduction of such creation and development fee and estimated organization costs. See "Redeeming Your Units."
- (6) See "Amending or Terminating the Indenture."

Fee Table (Unaudited)

This Fee Table describes the fees and expenses that you may, directly or indirectly, pay if you buy and hold Units of the Trust. See “Public Offering” and “Expenses and Charges.” Although the Trust has a term of approximately 15 months, and is a unit investment trust rather than a mutual fund, this information allows you to compare fees.

		Amount per Unit
Unit Holder Sales Fees (as a percentage of public offering price)		
Maximum Sales Charge		
Initial sales charge	1.36%(a)	\$.138
Creation and development fee	0.49%(b)	\$.050
Maximum sales charge (including creation and development fee)	<u>1.85%</u>	<u>\$.188</u>
Organization Costs (as a percentage of public offering price)		
Estimated organization costs	<u>.372%(c)</u>	<u>\$.0380</u>
Estimated Annual Trust Operating Expenses^(d) (as a percentage of average net assets)		
Portfolio supervision, bookkeeping, administrative and evaluation fees	.077%	\$.0080
Trustee’s fee and other operating expenses	<u>.145%(e)</u>	<u>\$.0150</u>
Total	<u>.222%</u>	<u>\$.0230</u>

Example

This example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Trust with the cost of investing in other investment products. The example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Trust for the periods shown. The example also assumes a 5% return on your investment each year and that the Trust’s operating expenses stay the same. The example does not take into consideration transaction fees which may be charged by certain broker/dealers for processing redemption requests. Although your actual costs may vary, based on these assumptions your costs, assuming you sell or redeem your Units at the end of each period, would be:

1 Year
\$249

15 Months
\$255

The example will not differ if you hold rather than sell your Units at the end of each period.

-
- (a) The “transactional sales charge” consists entirely of an initial sales charge, deducted at the time of purchase. The initial sales charge is actually equal to the difference between the maximum sales charge of 1.85% and the amount of any remaining creation and development fee. Investors will not be assessed a sales charge on the portion of their Units represented by cash deposited to pay the Trust’s organization costs and creation and development fee.
- (b) The creation and development fee compensates the Sponsor for creating and developing the Trust. The creation and development fee is a charge of \$.050 per Unit collected at the end of the initial offering period, which is expected to be one day from the Initial Date of Deposit. If the price you pay for your Units exceeds \$10.226 per Unit, the creation and development fee will be less than 0.49%; if the price you pay for your Units is less than \$10.226 per Unit, the creation and development fee will exceed 0.49%. If you purchase Units after the initial offering period, you will not be assessed the creation and development fee.
- (c) Estimated organization costs, which include a one-time licensing fee, will be deducted from the assets of the Trust at the end of the initial offering period. Estimated organization costs are assessed on a fixed dollar amount per Unit basis which, as a percentage of average net assets, will vary over time.
- (d) Each of the fees listed herein is assessed on a fixed dollar amount per Unit basis which, as a percentage of average net assets, will vary over time.
- (e) Other operating expenses do not include brokerage costs and other portfolio transaction fees. In certain circumstances, the Trust may incur additional expenses not set forth above. See “Expenses and Charges.”

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Unit Holders and the Sponsor, First Trust Portfolios L.P., of FT 13058

Opinion on the Statement of Net Assets

We have audited the accompanying statement of net assets, including the schedule of investments, of FT 13058, comprising Vest Large Cap Deep Buffered 30 Portfolio, Series 60 (the "Trust"), one of the series constituting the FT Series, as of the opening of business on July 8, 2026 (Initial Date of Deposit), and the related notes. In our opinion, the statement of net assets presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Trust as of the opening of business on July 8, 2026 (Initial Date of Deposit), in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

This statement of net assets is the responsibility of the Trust's Sponsor. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this statement of net assets based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Trust in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of net assets is free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Trust is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audit we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trust's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the statement of net assets, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the statement of net assets. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the Trust's Sponsor, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the statement of net assets. Our procedures included confirmation with the broker and confirmation of the irrevocable letter of credit held by The Bank of New York Mellon, the Trustee, and deposited in the Trust for the purchase of securities, as shown in the statement of net assets, as of the opening of business on July 8, 2026, by correspondence with the Trustee. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Chicago, Illinois
July 8, 2026

We have served as the auditor of one or more investment companies sponsored by First Trust Portfolios L.P. since 2001.

Statement of Net Assets

VEST LARGE CAP DEEP BUFFERED 30 PORTFOLIO, SERIES 60 FT 13058

At the Opening of Business on the Initial Date of Deposit—July 8, 2026

NET ASSETS	
Investment in Securities represented by contracts to purchase FLEX Options (1)(2)(3)	\$ 156,718
Cash (2)	1,758
Less liability for written FLEX Options (1) (3)	(8,250)
Less liability for reimbursement to Sponsor for organization costs (4)	(566)
Less liability for creation and development fee (5)	(745)
Net assets	<u>\$ 148,915</u>
Units outstanding	14,891
Net asset value per Unit (6)	\$ 10.00
ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS	
Cost to investors (7)	\$ 152,288
Less maximum sales charge (7)	(2,807)
Less estimated reimbursement to Sponsor for organization costs (7)	(566)
Net assets	<u>\$ 148,915</u>

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

The Trust is registered as a unit investment trust under the Investment Company Act of 1940. The Sponsor is responsible for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States which require the Sponsor to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported herein. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The Trust intends to comply in its initial fiscal year and thereafter with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code applicable to regulated investment companies and as such, will not be subject to federal income taxes on otherwise taxable income (including net realized capital gains) distributed to Unit holders.

- (1) The Trust invests in a portfolio of purchased and written FLEX Options. Aggregate cost of the purchased FLEX Options listed under “Schedule of Investments” and the liability for the written FLEX Options are based on their aggregate underlying value. The Securities were deposited at prices equal to their market value as determined by the Sponsor. The Trust has a Mandatory Termination Date of October 12, 2027.
- (2) An irrevocable letter of credit issued by The Bank of New York Mellon, of which approximately \$300,000 has been allocated to the Trust, has been deposited with the Trustee as collateral, covering the monies necessary for the purchase of the Securities according to their purchase contracts \$156,718 and cash \$1,758. Cash is included in the Trust to cover the cost of the Trust’s organization costs, the creation and development fee and the Trust’s annual operating expenses.
- (3) The Trust will enter into option contracts which provide the option purchaser with the right, but not the obligation, to buy a security at a predetermined exercise price on the option’s expiration date and the Trust will also enter into option contracts which provide the option purchaser with the right, but not the obligation, to sell a security to the Trust at a predetermined price on the option’s expiration date. The option purchaser pays a premium to the option writer for the right to exercise the option. The option writer is obligated to sell or buy the security underlying the contract at a set price, if the option purchaser chooses to exercise the option. As a writer of an option contract, the Trust is not subject to credit risk but is subject to market risk, since the Trust is obligated to make payments under the terms of the option contract if exercised.
- (4) A portion of the Public Offering Price consists of an amount sufficient to reimburse the Sponsor for all or a portion of the costs of establishing the Trust. These costs have been estimated at \$.0380 per Unit. A payment will be made at the end of the initial offering period to an account maintained by the Trustee from which the obligation of the investors to the Sponsor will be satisfied. To the extent that actual organization costs of the Trust are greater than the estimated amount, only the estimated organization costs added to the Public Offering Price will be reimbursed to the Sponsor and deducted from the assets of the Trust.
- (5) The creation and development fee (\$.050 per Unit) is payable by the Trust on behalf of Unit holders out of assets of the Trust at the end of the initial offering period. If Units are redeemed prior to the close of the initial offering period, the fee will not be deducted from the proceeds.
- (6) Net asset value per Unit, as rounded to the nearest penny, is calculated by dividing the Trust’s net assets by the number of Units outstanding. This figure includes organization costs and the creation and development fee, which will only be assessed to Units outstanding at the end of the initial offering period.
- (7) The aggregate cost to investors in the Trust, excluding the amount held in cash deposited to pay the Trust’s organization costs and creation and development fee, includes a maximum sales charge computed at the rate of 1.85% of the Public Offering Price per Unit (equivalent to 1.88% of the net amount invested), assuming no reduction of sales charge as set forth under “Public Offering.”

Schedule of Investments

VEST LARGE CAP DEEP BUFFERED 30 PORTFOLIO, SERIES 60 FT 13058 At the Opening of Business on the Initial Date of Deposit—July 8, 2026

Description	Strike Price per Share	Percentage of Aggregate Offering Price	Number of FLEX Contracts	Market Value per FLEX Option (3)	Value (3)
FLEXible EXchange[®] Options (“FLEX Options”):					
Purchased Options (1)(2):					
Call Options on State Street [®] SPDR [®] S&P 500 [®] ETF Trust, Expire October 12, 2027	\$ 0.01	99.10%	2	\$ 73,787.00	\$ 147,574
Put Options on State Street [®] SPDR [®] S&P 500 [®] ETF Trust, Expire October 12, 2027	744.57	6.14%	2	4,572.00	9,144
Total Purchased Options (cost, \$156,718):		<u>105.24%</u>			<u>\$ 156,718</u>
Written Options (1)(2):					
Call Options on State Street [®] SPDR [®] S&P 500 [®] ETF Trust, Expire October 12, 2027	839.73	(4.20)%	2	3,127.00	(6,254)
Put Options on State Street [®] SPDR [®] S&P 500 [®] ETF Trust, Expire October 12, 2027	521.20	(1.34)%	2	998.00	(1,996)
Total Written Options (proceeds, \$8,250):		<u>(5.54)%</u>			<u>\$ (8,250)</u>
Net Other Assets and Liabilities		<u>0.30%</u>			<u>\$ 447</u>
Net Assets		<u>100.00%</u>			<u>\$ 148,915</u>

(1) All Securities are represented by regular way contracts to purchase such Securities which are backed by an irrevocable letter of credit deposited with the Trustee. The Sponsor entered into purchase contracts for the Securities on July 8, 2026. Such purchase contracts are expected to settle within one business day.

(2) Each FLEX Option contract entitles the holder thereof (i.e., the purchaser) to purchase (for the call options) or sell (for the put options) 100 shares of the State Street[®] SPDR[®] S&P 500[®] ETF Trust on the FLEX Option Expiration Date of October 12, 2027 at the FLEX Option’s strike price multiplied by 100. The notional value of the FLEX Options as of the Initial Date of Deposit are as follows:

Purchased Options:

Call Options on SPY \$148,914

Put Options on SPY \$148,914

Written Options:

Put Options on SPY \$148,914

Call Options on SPY \$148,914

- (3) The cost or proceeds of the Securities to the Trust represents the aggregate underlying value with respect to the Securities acquired, generally determined based on the last quoted sale price where readily available and appropriate. On the Initial Date of Deposit, the value of the Securities will be based on the specific trade prices in which the Securities representing the Trust are executed. If no trades occur for a specific trade date or the Sponsor determines that market quotations are unavailable or inappropriate (e.g., due to infrequent transactions or thin trading), the Sponsor will determine the underlying value of the Securities based on their good faith determination of the fair value of the Securities at their discretion. To determine the fair value of the Securities, where available, the Sponsor will start with values generated using model prices provided by an independent third party, which uses a proprietary algorithm using standard option valuation variables and calculations. Where such values are not available through typical third party sources, the Sponsor will generate their own model-based valuations of the Securities, including using the Black-Scholes model for option valuation, and use current market quotations for comparable listed options that are more actively traded. The valuation of the Securities has been determined by the Sponsor. In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 820 ("ASC 820"), "Fair Value Measurement," fair value is defined as the price that the Trust would either receive upon selling an investment or pay to transfer an option's liability to an independent buyer in a timely transaction in the principal or most advantageous market of the investment. ASC 820 established a three-tier hierarchy to maximize the use of the observable market data and minimize the use of unobservable inputs and to establish classification of the fair value measurements for disclosure purposes. Inputs refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including the technique or pricing model used to measure fair value and the risk inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are inputs that may reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The three-tier hierarchy of inputs is summarized in the three broad levels: Level 1 which represents quoted prices in active markets for identical investments; Level 2 which represents fair value based on other significant observable inputs (including, quoted prices for similar investments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar investments in markets that are non-active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the investment (for example, interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks, and default rates) or inputs that are derived from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means), and Level 3 which represents fair value based on significant unobservable inputs (including the Trust's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments). The Trust's investments in purchased options of \$156,718 and written options of \$(8,250) are classified as Level 2, whose valuations on the date of deposit were determined by the Sponsor using model prices provided by third-party pricing services. The inputs used by these third party pricing services were based upon significant observable inputs that included, but were not limited to, the items noted above. The cost of the Securities to the Sponsor and the Sponsor's loss (which is the difference between the cost of the Securities to the Sponsor and the cost of the Securities to the Trust) are \$148,508 and \$40, respectively.

The FT Series

The FT Series Defined.

We, First Trust Portfolios L.P. (the “Sponsor”), have created hundreds of similar yet separate series of a unit investment trust which we have named the FT Series. The series to which this prospectus relates, FT 13058, consists of a single portfolio known as Vest Large Cap Deep Buffered 30 Portfolio, Series 60.

The Trust was created under the laws of the State of New York by a Trust Agreement (the “Indenture”) dated the Initial Date of Deposit. This agreement, entered into among First Trust Portfolios L.P., as Sponsor, The Bank of New York Mellon as Trustee and First Trust Advisors L.P. as Portfolio Supervisor, governs the operation of the Trust.

You may get more specific details concerning the nature, structure and risks of this product in an “Information Supplement” by calling the Sponsor at 800–621–1675, dept. code 2.

How We Created the Trust.

On the Initial Date of Deposit, we deposited a portfolio of FLEX Options and cash with the Trustee and, in turn, the Trustee delivered documents to us representing our ownership of the Trust in the form of units (“Units”).

After the Initial Date of Deposit, we may deposit additional Securities in the Trust, or cash (including a letter of credit or the equivalent) with instructions to buy more Securities, to create new Units for sale. If we create additional Units, we will attempt, to the extent practicable, to maintain the percentage relationship established among the Securities on the Initial Date of Deposit (as set forth under “Schedule of Investments”), adjusted to reflect the sale, redemption or liquidation of any of the Securities or any stock split or a merger or other similar event affecting the issuer of the Securities.

Since the prices of the Securities will fluctuate daily, the ratio of Securities in the Trust, on a market value basis, will also change daily. The portion of Securities represented by each Unit will not change as a result of the deposit of additional Securities or cash in the Trust. If we deposit cash, you and new investors may experience a dilution of your investment. This is because prices of Securities will fluctuate between the time of the cash deposit and the purchase of the Securities, and because the Trust pays the associated brokerage fees. To reduce this dilution, the Trust will try to buy the Securities as close to the Evaluation Time and as close to the evaluation price as possible. You may also experience a dilution of your investment when the Trust sells Securities to meet redemption requests as Securities are typically sold after the redemption request is received. Because the Trust pays the brokerage fees associated with the sale of Securities to meet redemption and exchange requests, frequent redemption and exchange activity will likely result in higher brokerage expenses. **To the extent there is a dilution to your investment it is highly likely that you will not receive the hypothetical returns set forth in this prospectus.**

An affiliate of the Trustee may receive these brokerage fees or the Trustee may retain and pay us (or our affiliate) to act as agent for the Trust to buy Securities. If we or an affiliate of ours act as agent to the Trust, we will be subject to the restrictions under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”). When acting in an agency capacity, we may select various broker/dealers to execute securities transactions on behalf of the Trust, which may include broker/dealers who sell Units of the Trust. We do not consider sales of Units of the Trust or any other products sponsored by First Trust as a factor in selecting such broker/dealers.

We cannot guarantee that the Trust will keep its present size and composition for any length of time. Securities may be periodically sold under certain circumstances to satisfy Trust obligations, to meet redemption requests and, as described in “Removing Securities from the Trust,” to maintain the sound investment character of the Trust, and the proceeds received by the Trust will be used to meet Trust obligations or distributed to Unit holders. However, Securities will not be sold to take advantage of market fluctuations or changes in anticipated rates of appreciation or depreciation, or if they no longer meet the criteria by which they were selected. You will not be able to dispose of or vote any of the Securities in the Trust. As the holder of the Securities, the Trustee will vote the Securities and, except as described in “Removing Securities from the Trust,” will endeavor to vote the Securities such that the Securities are voted as closely as possible in the same manner and the same general proportion as are the Securities held by owners other than such Trust.

Neither we nor the Trustee will be liable for a failure in any of the Securities. However, if a contract for the purchase of any of the Securities initially deposited in the Trust fails, unless we can purchase substitute Securities (“Replacement Securities”) we will refund to you that portion of the purchase price and transactional sales charge resulting from the failed contract. Any Replacement Security the Trust acquires will be identical to those from the failed contract.

Portfolio

Objective.

The Trust seeks to provide returns that match the price return of the Underlying ETF up to a predetermined upside cap of 12.79% (before applicable sales charges and organization costs) while providing a buffer against the first 30% of Underlying ETF losses (before applicable sales charges and organization costs) during the period from July 8, 2026 to October 12, 2027. Under normal market conditions, the Trust will invest at least 80% of its net assets in investments that provide exposure to large capitalization companies. The Trust is concentrated (i.e., invests 25% or more of Trust assets) in investments that provide exposure to the information technology sector.

The Portfolio.

The Trust seeks to achieve its objective by investing in a portfolio consisting of purchased and written FLEX Options and cash to pay for the annual operating expenses, creation and development fee and organization costs of the Trust. Because a portion of your investment is held in cash to pay for these expenses, and the cap and buffer amounts are determined independent of the cash component, such expenses will not further reduce the cap and buffer amounts disclosed in this prospectus. The FLEX Options are listed on the Chicago Board Options Exchange (the “CBOE”) and are guaranteed by the Options Clearing Corporation (the “OCC”). The FLEX Options reference shares of the Underlying ETF which had a share price on the NYSE of \$744.57 (the “Initial Underlying ETF Level”) at the time the FLEX Options were executed and entitle or obligate the holder to purchase or sell shares of the Underlying ETF at each FLEX Option’s strike price on October 12, 2027 (the “FLEX Option Expiration Date”). The FLEX Options are all European style options, which means that they are exercisable at the strike price only on the FLEX Option Expiration Date. The FLEX Options are intended to be liquidated on or prior to the FLEX Option Expiration Date, rather than be exercised, in order to avoid having the Trust receive shares of the Underlying ETF or be obligated to deliver shares of the Underlying ETF.

The FLEX Options are intended to generate returns based on the price performance of the Underlying ETF. Please note that the Trust’s performance will not reflect the payment of dividends by the Underlying ETF. The Underlying ETF is an exchange-traded fund (“ETF”) that seeks to track performance of the S&P 500[®] Index (the “Underlying Index”). The Underlying Index is composed of selected stocks from five hundred (500) issuers, all of which are listed on national stock exchanges and spans a broad range of major industries. See “The Underlying ETF and the Underlying Index” on page 14. The Trust is designed for Unit holders who intend to purchase Units at the Trust’s inception, the only day Units are available for sale, and hold them until October 12, 2027, the Trust’s Mandatory Termination Date, and seeks a percentage total return per Unit that increases by any percentage increase in the price of the Underlying ETF relative to the Initial Underlying ETF Level up to a maximum total return of 12.79% (before applicable sales charges and organization costs), 10.29% (after sales charges and organization costs for Units purchased through a traditional brokerage account) and 11.81% (after sales charges and organization costs for Units purchased through a “wrap fee” account) (the “Capped Return”), while also providing downside “buffered” protection of up to the first 30% of the decline in the Underlying ETF (before applicable sales charges and organization costs) (“Buffered Protection”). Returns after application of the buffer will be reduced by –2.20% for Units purchased through a traditional brokerage account and –0.86% for Units purchased through a “wrap fee” account. See “Fee Table” in this prospectus for information regarding these fees and expenses.

The Capped Return and the Buffered Protection are based on the life of the Trust and are not an annualized rate of return. The percentage increase or decrease of the Underlying ETF described above is the percentage increase or decrease of the Underlying ETF from when the FLEX Option strike levels are set on the initial date of deposit to the close of the market on the FLEX Option Expiration Date. The Trust’s ability to achieve its investment objective is dependent on Unit holders purchasing Units at a price equal to their initial net asset value (\$10 per Unit) and holding them until the Trust’s Mandatory Termination Date. The price at which you will be able to purchase Units will be based on their valuation at the Evaluation Time on the Initial Date of Deposit, which will be higher than \$10 per Unit (the Trust’s net asset value per Unit on the Initial Date of Deposit) because of the Trust’s sales charges and organization costs, which will impact your potential returns.

The Trust may not be able to achieve the hypothetical returns set forth in this prospectus. The Trust's performance may be impacted by a variety of factors, including, but not limited to, redemption activity, a dilution of your investment, unusual economic events, market movements and changes in the liquidity of the FLEX Options. Redemption activity could cause the Trust to recognize income that the Trust is required to distribute to maintain the Trust's RIC status and avoid the excise tax. Selling Securities to make these distributions may impact the Trust's performance. The Trust's portfolio is not managed. In the unlikely event that the FLEX Options cannot maintain their proper ratios, there may be a significant impact to the Trust's ability to meet its investment objective or follow its principal investment strategy.

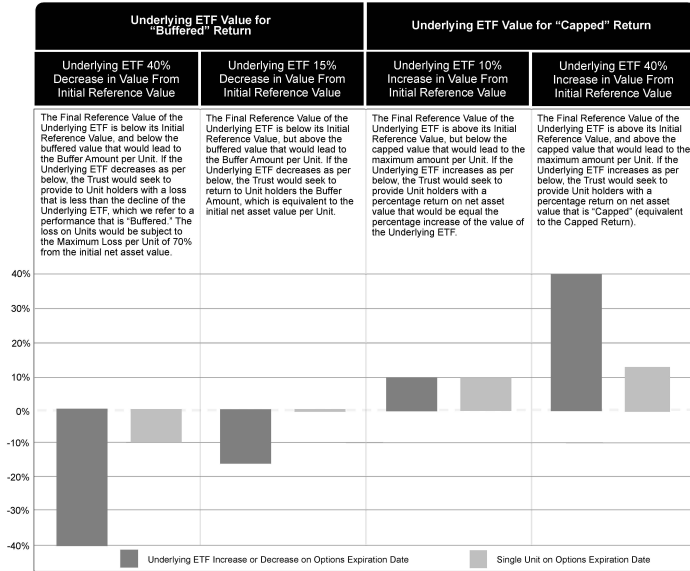
Illustrative Market Scenarios.

The Trust seeks to provide returns based on the price performance of the Underlying ETF for Units purchased on the Trust's Initial Date of Deposit at their initial net asset value of \$10 per Unit and held until the Trust's Mandatory Termination Date as follows:

- **The price of the Underlying ETF increases above a Capped Return of 12.78%.** If, at the FLEX Option Expiration Date, the price of the Underlying ETF increased by greater than or equal to 12.78% compared to the price of the Underlying ETF at the Trust's inception, the Trust seeks to provide Unit holders with a maximum total return of 12.79% (before applicable sales charges and organization costs), 10.29% (after sales charges and organization costs for Units purchased through a traditional brokerage account) and 11.81% (after sales charges and organization costs for Units purchased through a "wrap fee" account). If the price of the Underlying ETF increases above the Capped Return, Unit holders will not participate in those gains beyond the Capped Return.
- **The price of the Underlying ETF increases between 0% and a Capped Return of 12.78%.** If, at the FLEX Option Expiration Date, the price of the Underlying ETF increased between 0% and 12.78% compared to the price of the Underlying ETF at the Trust's inception, the Trust seeks to provide Unit holders with a total return that increases by the approximate percentage increase of the price of the Underlying ETF, up to a maximum return of 12.79% (before applicable sales charges and organization costs), 10.29% (after sales charges and organization costs for Units purchased through a traditional brokerage account) and 11.81% (after sales charges and organization costs for Units purchased through a "wrap fee" account).
- **The price of the Underlying ETF decreases between 0% and 30%.** If, at the FLEX Option Expiration Date, the price of the Underlying ETF decreased between 0% and 30% compared to the price of the Underlying ETF at the Trust's inception, the Trust seeks to provide Unit holders with a "buffered" total return of approximately 0.01% (before applicable sales charges and organization costs), -2.20% (after sales charges and organization costs for Units purchased through a traditional brokerage account) and -0.86% (after sales charges and organization costs for Units purchased through a "wrap fee" account).
- **The price of the Underlying ETF decreases by greater than 30%.** If, at the FLEX Option Expiration Date, the price of the Underlying ETF decreased by greater than 30% compared to the price of the Underlying ETF at the Trust's inception, the Trust seeks to provide Unit holders with a loss that is 30% less (before applicable sales charges and organization costs) than the loss of the Underlying ETF, with a maximum loss of approximately -70.65% (after sales charges and organization costs for Units purchased through a traditional brokerage account) and -70.25% (after sales charges and organization costs for Units purchased through a "wrap fee" account) (the "Maximum Loss"). If the price of the Underlying ETF decreases by greater than 30%, Unit holders will only be protected against the first 30% of Underlying ETF losses.

Hypothetical Performance Return Chart

The following chart illustrates the hypothetical returns that the Trust seeks to provide in certain illustrative scenarios. **This chart does not take into account payment by Unit holders of applicable sales charges and organization costs, as such gains will be decreased by the sales charges and organization costs and losses will be increased by the sales charges and organization costs.** Please note that the chart assumes a capped return of approximately 12.79% (before applicable sales charges and organization costs) and a buffer against the first 30% of Underlying ETF losses (before applicable sales charges and organization costs).



What is a FLEX Option?

The Trust's initial portfolio includes several types of FLEX Options including purchased and written put and call options (as further described below). The FLEX Options are all European style options, which means that they are exercisable at the strike price only on the FLEX Option Expiration Date. FLEX Options are customized option contracts available through national securities exchanges that are guaranteed for settlement by the OCC, a market clearinghouse. The FLEX Options are listed on the CBOE. FLEX Options provide investors with the ability to customize terms of an option, including exercise prices, exercise styles (European style versus American style options which are exercisable any time prior to the expiration date) and expiration dates, while achieving price discovery in competitive, transparent auctions markets and avoiding the counterparty exposure of the over-the-counter option positions.

Each FLEX Option contract entitles the holder thereof (i.e., the purchaser of the FLEX Option) the option to purchase (for the call options) or sell (for the put options) 100 shares of the Underlying ETF as of the close of the market on the FLEX Option Expiration Date at the strike price multiplied by 100. The Trust is designed so that any amount owed by the Trust on the written FLEX Options will be covered by payouts at expiration from the purchased FLEX Options. As a result, the FLEX Options will be fully covered and no additional collateral will be necessary during the life of the Trust. The Trust receives premiums in exchange for the written FLEX Options and pays premiums in exchange for the purchased FLEX Options. The OCC and securities exchange that the FLEX Options are listed on do not charge ongoing fees to writers or purchasers of the FLEX Options during their life for continuing to hold the option contracts.

The OCC guarantees performance by each of the counterparties to FLEX Options, becoming the "buyer for every seller and the seller for every buyer," protecting clearing members and options traders from counterparty risk. Subject to determination by the Securities Committee of the OCC, adjustments may be made to the FLEX Options for certain events (collectively, "Corporate Actions") specified in the OCC's by-laws and rules: certain stock dividends or distributions, stock splits, reverse stock splits, rights offerings, distributions, reorganizations, recapitalizations, or reclassifications with respect to an underlying security, or a merger, consolidation, dissolution or liquidation of the issuer of the underlying security. According to the OCC's by-laws, the nature and extent of any such adjustment is to be determined by the OCC's Securities Committee, in light of the circumstances known to it at the time such determination is made, based on its judgment as to what is appropriate for the protection of investors and the public interest, taking into account such factors as fairness to holders and writers (or purchasers and sellers) of the affected options, the maintenance of a fair and orderly market in the affected options, consistency of interpretation and practice, efficiency of exercise settlement procedures, and the coordination with other clearing agencies of the clearance and settlement of transactions in the underlying interest.

The information set forth above relating to the FLEX Options and the OCC has been obtained from the OCC. The description and terms of the FLEX Options to be entered into with the OCC are set forth in the by-laws and rules of the OCC, available at www.optionsclearing.com, which is not considered part of this prospectus nor is it incorporated by reference herein.

The Trust invests in in-the-money purchased call options, out-of-the-money written call options, at-the-money purchased put options and out-of-the-money written put options. The following discussion describes each type of security.

In-The-Money Purchased Call Options ("ITM Purchased Call Options"). The ITM Purchased Call Options are call options purchased by the Trust, each with a strike price significantly lower than the Initial Underlying ETF Level. If the price of the Underlying ETF is less than or equal to the strike price of the ITM Purchased Call Options on the FLEX Option Expiration Date, the ITM Purchased Call Options will expire without net proceeds being payable to the Trust (i.e., the ITM Purchased Call Options will expire worthless). If the price of the Underlying ETF is greater than the strike price on the FLEX Option Expiration Date, then the ITM Purchased Call Options are intended to provide a return to the Trust based on the difference between the strike price of the ITM Purchased Call Options and the price of the Underlying ETF on the FLEX Option Expiration Date equal to a per Unit dollar amount of proceeds of \$10.000 multiplied by ((the price of the Underlying ETF on the FLEX Option Expiration Date divided by the Initial Underlying ETF Level) minus 0.00%) on the FLEX Option Expiration Date. The ITM Purchased Call Options are intended to provide approximately one-to-one exposure to the Underlying ETF.

Out-Of-The-Money Written Call Options ("OTM Written Call Options"). The OTM Written Call Options are call options written by the Trust, each with a strike price greater than the Initial Underlying ETF Level. If the price of the Underlying ETF is less than or equal to the strike price of the OTM Written Call Options on the FLEX Option Expiration Date, the OTM Written Call Options will expire without net proceeds being payable by the Trust (i.e., the OTM Written Call Options will expire worthless). If the price of the Underlying ETF is greater than the strike price on the FLEX Option Expiration Date, then the OTM Written Call Options are intended to provide for the Trust to deliver proceeds to the purchasers of the OTM Written Call Options based on the increase of the price of the Underlying ETF over the strike price of the OTM Written Call Options equal to a per Unit dollar amount of proceeds of \$10.000 multiplied by twice ((the price of the Underlying ETF on the FLEX Option Expiration Date divided by the Initial Underlying ETF Level) minus 112.78%) on the FLEX Option Expiration Date. The OTM Written Call Options are intended to provide premiums to the Trust that will offset the cost of the purchased FLEX Options and are also intended to limit the increase from the FLEX Options to 12.79%.

At-The-Money Purchased Put Options (“ATM Purchased Put Options”). The ATM Purchased Put Options are put options purchased by the Trust, each with a strike price equal to the Initial Underlying ETF Level. If the price of the Underlying ETF is greater than or equal to the strike price of the ATM Purchased Put Options on the FLEX Option Expiration Date, the ATM Purchased Put Options will expire without net proceeds being payable to the Trust (i.e., the ATM Purchased Put Options will expire worthless). If the price of the Underlying ETF is less than the strike price on the FLEX Option Expiration Date, then the ATM Purchased Put Options are intended to provide a return to the Trust based on the decrease between the Initial Underlying ETF Level and the price of the Underlying ETF on the FLEX Option Expiration Date equal to a per Unit dollar amount of proceeds of \$10.000 multiplied by (100.00% minus (the price of the Underlying ETF on the FLEX Option Expiration Date divided by the Initial Underlying ETF Level)) on the FLEX Option Expiration Date.

Out-Of-The-Money Written Put Options (“OTM Written Put Options”). The OTM Written Put Options are put options written by the Trust, each with a strike price less than the Initial Underlying ETF Level. If the price of the Underlying ETF is greater than or equal to the strike price of the OTM Written Put Options on the FLEX Option Expiration Date, the OTM Written Put Options will expire without net proceeds being payable by the Trust (i.e., the OTM Written Put Options will expire worthless). If the price of the Underlying ETF is less than the strike price on the FLEX Option Expiration Date, then the OTM Written Put Options are intended to provide for the Trust to deliver proceeds to the purchasers of the OTM Written Put Options based on the decrease between the Initial Underlying ETF Level and the price of the Underlying ETF on the FLEX Option Expiration Date equal to a per Unit dollar amount of proceeds of \$10.000 multiplied by (70.00% minus (the price of the Underlying ETF on the FLEX Option Expiration Date divided by the Initial Underlying ETF Level)) on the FLEX Option Expiration Date. The ATM Purchased Put Options along with the OTM Written Put Options are intended to offset a decrease between the Initial Underlying ETF Level and the price of the Underlying ETF on the FLEX Option Expiration Date up to 30%.

The Underlying ETF and the Underlying Index.

The State Street[®] SPDR[®] S&P 500[®] ETF Trust (the “Underlying ETF”) is an exchange-traded unit investment trust that uses a full replication strategy, meaning it invests entirely in the securities which comprise the S&P 500[®] Index (the “Underlying Index”). PDR Services, LLC (“PDR”) serves as the Underlying ETF’s sponsor. The investment objective of the Underlying ETF is to seek to provide investment results that, before expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of the Underlying Index. See below for a description of the Underlying ETF’s principal investment strategies and risks. You can find the Underlying ETF’s prospectus and other information about the Underlying ETF, including the statement of additional information and most recent reports to shareholders, online at <https://us.spdrs.com/en/etf/spdr-sp-500-etf-SPY>.

The summary information below regarding the Underlying ETF comes from its filings with the SEC (File No. 33-46080). You are urged to refer to the SEC filings made by the Underlying ETF and to other publicly available information (e.g., the Underlying ETF’s annual reports) to obtain an understanding of the Underlying ETF’s business and financial prospects.

The following description of the Underlying ETF’s principal investment strategies was taken directly from the Underlying ETF’s prospectus, dated January 26, 2026 (defined terms have been modified).

“SPY seeks to achieve its investment objective by holding a portfolio of the common stocks that are included in the Index (the “Portfolio”), with the weight of each stock in SPY’s Portfolio substantially corresponding to the weight of such stock in the Index.

In SPY's prospectus, the term "Portfolio Securities" refers to the common stocks that are actually held by SPY and make up SPY's Portfolio, while the term "Index Securities" refers to the common stocks that are included in the Index, as determined by the index provider, S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC ("S&P"). At any time, SPY's Portfolio will consist of as many of the Index Securities as is practicable. To maintain the correspondence between the composition and weightings of Portfolio Securities and Index Securities, State Street Global Advisors Trust Company (the "Trustee") or its parent company, State Street Bank and Trust Company ("SSBT") adjusts SPY's Portfolio from time to time to conform to periodic changes made by S&P to the identity and/or relative weightings of Index Securities in the Index. SPY's Trustee or SSBT aggregates certain of these adjustments and makes changes to SPY's Portfolio at least monthly, or more frequently in the case of significant changes to the Index.

SPY may pay transaction costs, such as brokerage commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its Portfolio). Such transaction costs may be higher if there are significant rebalancings of Index Securities in the Index, which may also result in higher taxes when SPY's units are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in SPY's estimated annual Trust ordinary operating expenses, affect SPY's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, SPY's portfolio turnover rate was 3% of the average value of its portfolio. SPY's portfolio turnover rate does not include securities received or delivered from processing creations or redemptions of SPY's units. Portfolio turnover will be a function of changes to the Index as well as requirements of SPY's trust agreement. . . .

Although SPY may fail to own certain Index Securities at any particular time, SPY generally will be substantially invested in Index Securities, which should result in a close correspondence between the performance of the Index and the performance of SPY. . . . SPY does not hold or trade futures or swaps and is not a commodity pool. . . .

The Index includes five hundred (500) selected companies, all of which are listed on national stock exchanges and spans a broad range of major industries. . . . Since 1968, the Index has been a component of the U.S. Commerce Department's list of Leading Indicators that track key sectors of the U.S. economy. Current information regarding the market value of the Index is available from market information services. The Index is determined, comprised and calculated without regard to SPY."

As of July 6, 2026, the Underlying ETF had significant investments in information technology companies.

Standard & Poor's[®], S&P[®] and SPDR[®] are registered trademarks of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC (S&P) and these trademarks have been licensed for use by S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC (SPDJI) and sublicensed for certain purposes by First Trust Portfolios L.P. The Trust is not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by State Street[®] SPDR[®] S&P 500[®] ETF Trust, PDR, Standard & Poor's[®] or their affiliates. State Street[®] SPDR[®] S&P 500[®] ETF Trust, PDR, Standard & Poor's[®] or their affiliates have not passed on the legality or suitability of, or the accuracy or adequacy of, descriptions and disclosures relating to the Trust or the FLEX Options. State Street[®] SPDR[®] S&P 500[®] ETF Trust, PDR, Standard & Poor's[®] or their affiliates make no representations or warranties, express or implied, regarding the advisability of investing in the Trust or the FLEX Options or results to be obtained by the Trust or the FLEX Options, Unit holders or any other person or entity from use of the Underlying ETF. State Street[®] SPDR[®] S&P 500[®] ETF Trust, PDR, Standard & Poor's[®] or their affiliates have no liability in connection with the management, administration, marketing or trading of the Trust or the FLEX Options.

Shares of the Underlying ETF may be invested in directly without paying the fees and expenses associated with the Trust. There are a variety of other investments available that track or reference the Underlying Index.

You should be aware that the expected outcomes stated herein may not be realized. Of course, as with any similar investment, there can be no guarantee that the objectives of the Trust will be achieved. See "Risk Factors" for a discussion of the risks of investing in the Trust.

Hypothetical Examples

The examples that follow illustrate various scenarios with respect to the FLEX Options held by the Trust. The assumptions made in connection with these examples may not reflect actual events. You should not take any example as an indication or assurance of the expected performance of the Underlying ETF, the FLEX Options or the Trust Units.

These examples do not attempt to present any projection of actual Trust performance. These examples are merely intended to illustrate the operation of the FLEX Options and the return or loss in certain situations. The hypothetical returns shown below do not reflect the deduction of the Trust's sales charges or organization costs. Please note that the examples assume a capped return of approximately 12.79% (before the applicable sales charges and organization costs) and a buffer against the first 30% of Underlying ETF losses (before applicable sales charges and organization costs).

Example 1 - FLEX Option Expiration Date closing price of the Underlying ETF increases by 40%

The following provides an example of how the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust would perform should the FLEX Option Expiration Date closing price of the Underlying ETF increase by 40% over the Initial Underlying ETF Level. Under this scenario, a \$1,000.00 investment in the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust would provide a hypothetical return of approximately \$1,127.89 on the Trust's Mandatory Termination Date, consisting of:

- receiving value of approximately \$1,399.98 on the ITM Purchased Call Options,
- no value being realized with respect to the OTM Written Put Options or the ATM Purchased Put Options, as each would expire worthless,
- losing value of approximately \$272.19 on the OTM Written Call Options, and
- receiving cash value of \$0.10.

In this example, participation in the appreciation of the Underlying ETF is capped by the Capped Return feature. Therefore, an investment in the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust does not benefit from the full appreciation of the Underlying ETF during the term of the Trust. Because of the Capped Return feature, return will be less than a direct investment in the Underlying ETF, which would not be subject to such a Capped Return. In this example, return on an investment in the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust is not affected by the Buffered Protection feature or the Maximum Loss feature.

In this example, the hypothetical total return on an investment in the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust used to pay the Trust's annual operating expenses, would be approximately 12.79%. The total return on an investment in the Trust under this scenario would be less than 12.79% because the price of Units will include the applicable sales charges and organization costs. The price at which you will be able to purchase Units will be based on their valuation at the Evaluation Time on the date you purchase your Units, which will be higher than \$10 per Unit, which will reduce your potential returns. The hypothetical return above does not reflect the deduction of any sales charges or organization costs.

Example 2 - FLEX Option Expiration Date closing price of the Underlying ETF increases by 5%

The following provides an example of how the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust would perform should the expiration date closing price represent a 5% increase over the Initial Underlying ETF Level. Under this scenario, a \$1,000.00 investment in the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust would provide a hypothetical return of approximately \$1,050.08 on the Trust's Mandatory Termination Date, consisting of:

- receiving value of approximately \$1,049.98 on the ITM Purchased Call Options,
- no value being realized with respect to the OTM Written Put Options, the ATM Purchased Put Options or OTM Written Call Options, as each would expire worthless, and
- receiving cash value of \$0.10.

In this example, upside exposure to the Underlying ETF is similar to the price return (not including returns from dividends) available from a direct investment in the Underlying ETF because the performance of the Underlying ETF did not exceed the Capped Return. In this example, return on an investment in the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust is not affected by the Buffered Protection feature, the Maximum Loss feature or the Capped Return feature.

In this example, the hypothetical total return on an investment in the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust used to pay the Trust's annual operating expenses, would be approximately 5.01%. The total return on an investment in the Trust under this scenario would be less than 5.01% because the price of Units will include the applicable sales charges and organization costs. The price at which you will be able to purchase Units will be based on their valuation at the Evaluation Time on the date you purchase your Units, which will be higher than \$10 per Unit, which will reduce your potential returns. The hypothetical return above does not reflect the deduction of any sales charges or organization costs.

Example 3 - FLEX Option Expiration Date closing price of the Underlying ETF decreases by 5%

The following provides an example of how the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust would perform should the expiration date closing price represent a 5% decrease from the Initial Underlying ETF Level. Under this scenario, a \$1,000.00 investment in the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust would provide a hypothetical return of approximately \$1,000.08 on the Trust's Mandatory Termination Date, consisting of:

- receiving value of approximately \$949.98 on the ITM Purchased Call Options,
- receiving value of approximately \$50.00 on the ATM Purchased Put Options,
- no value being realized with respect to the OTM Written Put Options or OTM Written Call Options, as each would expire worthless, and
- receiving cash value of \$0.10.

In this example there are benefits from the Buffered Protection feature provided where the price of the Underlying ETF on the FLEX Option Expiration Date represents a decrease from the Initial Underlying ETF Level, but by less than 30%. Because of the Buffered Protection feature, the Unit holder's return would be better than the price return (not including returns from dividends) from a direct investment in the Underlying ETF. In this example, return on an investment in the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust is not affected by the Maximum Loss feature or Capped Return feature.

In this example, the hypothetical total return on an investment in the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust used to pay the Trust's annual operating expenses, would be approximately 0.01%. The total return on an investment in the Trust under this scenario would be less than 0.01% because the price of Units will include the applicable sales charges and organization costs. The price at which you will be able to purchase Units will be based on their valuation at the Evaluation Time on the date you purchase your Units, which will be higher than \$10 per Unit, which will reduce your potential returns. The hypothetical return above does not reflect the deduction of any sales charges or organization costs.

Example 4 - FLEX Option Expiration Date closing price of the Underlying ETF decreases by 50%

The following provides an example of how the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust would perform should the expiration date closing price represent a 50% decrease from the Initial Underlying ETF Level. Under this scenario, a \$1,000.00 investment in the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust would provide a hypothetical return of approximately \$800.08 on the Trust's Mandatory Termination Date, consisting of:

- receiving value of approximately \$499.98 on the ITM Purchased Call Options,
- receiving value of approximately \$500.00 on the ATM Purchased Put Options,
- no value being realized with respect to the OTM Written Call Options, as they would expire worthless,
- losing value of approximately \$200.00 on the OTM Written Put Options, and
- receiving cash value of \$0.10.

In this example, there is a loss less than the loss that would have resulted from a direct investment in the Underlying ETF (not including returns from dividends). In this example, return on an investment in the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust benefits from the Buffered Protection feature, and is not affected by the Maximum Loss feature or Capped Return feature.

In this example, the hypothetical loss on a investment in the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust used to pay the Trust's annual operating expenses, would be approximately -19.99%. The total return on an investment in the Trust under this scenario would be less than -19.99% because the price of Units will include the applicable sales charges and organization costs. The price at which you will be able to purchase Units will be based on their valuation at the Evaluation Time on the date you purchase your Units, which will be higher than \$10 per Unit, which will reduce your potential returns. The hypothetical return above does not reflect the deduction of any sales charges or organization costs.

Example 5 - FLEX Option Expiration Date closing price of the Underlying ETF decreases by 95%

The following provides an example of how the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust would perform should the expiration date closing price represent a 95% decrease from the Initial Underlying ETF Level. Under this scenario, a \$1,000.00 investment in the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust would provide a hypothetical return of approximately \$350.09 on the Trust's Mandatory Termination Date, consisting of:

- receiving value of approximately \$49.99 on the ITM Purchased Call Options,
- receiving value of approximately \$950.00 on the ATM Purchased Put Options,
- no value being realized with respect to the OTM Written Call Options, as they would expire worthless,
- losing value of approximately \$650.00 on the OTM Written Put Options, and
- receiving cash value of \$0.10.

In this example, there are benefits from the Buffered Protection feature and a loss less than the loss that would have resulted from a direct investment in the Underlying ETF (not including returns from dividends). In this example, return on an investment in the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust is not affected by the Capped Return feature.

In this example, the hypothetical loss on an investment in the FLEX Options and cash held by the Trust used to pay the Trust's annual operating expenses, would be approximately -64.99%. The total return on an investment in the Trust under this scenario would be less than -64.99% because the price of Units will include the applicable sales charges and organization costs. The price at which you will be able to purchase Units will be based on their valuation at the Evaluation Time on the date you purchase your Units, which will be higher than \$10 per Unit, which will reduce your potential returns. The hypothetical return above does not reflect the deduction of any sales charges or organization costs.

The return on Units redeemed prior to the termination of the Trust will likely be less than the original Public Offering Price and the return that a Unit holder could expect if Units were held until the Trust's termination. In addition, during the life of the Trust, the Unit value will not move proportionally with changes in the value of the Underlying ETF. Any redemption of Units prior to the Trust's termination could result in a substantial loss.

TABLE OF HYPOTHETICAL SCENARIOS OF REDEMPTION AT MATURITY

Hypothetical Underlying ETF Return		Hypothetical Final Distribution on Trust Mandatory Termination Date per Unit*	Hypothetical Percentage Gain or Loss to Unit Holders Based on Net Asset Value*	Hypothetical Percentage Gain or Loss to Unit Holders in a Brokerage Account*	Hypothetical Percentage Gain or Loss to Unit Holders in a "Wrap Fee" Account*
100.00%	\$	11.28	12.79%	10.29%	11.81%
90.00%	\$	11.28	12.79%	10.29%	11.81%
80.00%	\$	11.28	12.79%	10.29%	11.81%
70.00%	\$	11.28	12.79%	10.29%	11.81%
60.00%	\$	11.28	12.79%	10.29%	11.81%
50.00%	\$	11.28	12.79%	10.29%	11.81%
40.00%	\$	11.28	12.79%	10.29%	11.81%
30.00%	\$	11.28	12.79%	10.29%	11.81%
20.00%	\$	11.28	12.79%	10.29%	11.81%
15.00%	\$	11.28	12.79%	10.29%	11.81%
12.78%	\$	11.28	12.79%	10.29%	11.81%
10.00%	\$	11.00	10.01%	7.57%	9.05%
5.00%	\$	10.50	5.01%	2.69%	4.09%
0.00%	\$	10.00	0.01%	-2.20%	-0.86%
-5.00%	\$	10.00	0.01%	-2.20%	-0.86%
-10.00%	\$	10.00	0.01%	-2.20%	-0.86%
-15.00%	\$	10.00	0.01%	-2.20%	-0.86%
-20.00%	\$	10.00	0.01%	-2.20%	-0.86%
-30.00%	\$	10.00	0.01%	-2.20%	-0.86%
-40.00%	\$	9.00	-9.99%	-11.98%	-10.77%
-50.00%	\$	8.00	-19.99%	-21.76%	-20.69%
-60.00%	\$	7.00	-29.99%	-31.54%	-30.60%
-70.00%	\$	6.00	-39.99%	-41.32%	-40.51%
-80.00%	\$	5.00	-49.99%	-51.10%	-50.43%
-95.00%	\$	3.50	-64.99%	-65.77%	-65.30%
-100.00%	\$	3.00	-69.99%	-70.65%	-70.25%

*The amounts set forth above are after imposition of the Trust's annual operating expenses.

These examples do not show the past performance of the Underlying ETF or any investment. These examples are for illustrative purposes only and are not intended to be indicative of future results of the Underlying ETF, the FLEX Options or the Trust's Units. You may realize a return that is lower than the intended returns described above as a result of Units being redeemed prior to the Trust's Mandatory Termination Date, purchasing Units at a price other than the initial net asset value of the Units on the Initial Date of Deposit, in the event that the FLEX Options are otherwise liquidated by the Trust prior to expiration, if there is a lack of liquidity for the FLEX Options during the life of the Trust or on the FLEX Option Expiration Date, if the Trust is unable to maintain the proportional relationship of the FLEX Options based on the number of FLEX Option contracts in the Trust's portfolio, if a Corporate Action (defined above) occurs with respect to the Underlying ETF, or as a result of increases in potential tax-related expenses and other expenses of the Trust above estimated levels.

Risk Factors

Price Volatility Risk. As with any investment, we cannot guarantee that the performance of the Trust will be positive over any period of time, or that you won't lose money. The Trust invests in FLEX Options. The value of the Trust's Units will fluctuate with changes in the value of the FLEX Options. The value of your Units may fall over time. Amounts available to distribute to Unit holders on the Trust's Mandatory Termination Date will depend primarily on the performance of the FLEX Options and are not guaranteed. The Trust seeks to provide returns related to the price performance of the Underlying ETF only, which does not include returns from distributions paid by the Underlying ETF. The Units, on the Trust's Mandatory Termination Date and at any other point in time, may be worth less than your original investment. In addition, during the life of the Trust, the Unit value will not move proportionally with changes in the value of the Underlying ETF.

The Trust's investment strategy has not been designed to achieve its objective if Units are bought after the Trust's Initial Date of Deposit or redeemed prior to the Trust's Mandatory Termination Date. Because the Trust is not managed, the Trustee will not sell Securities in response to or in anticipation of market fluctuations, as is common in managed investments. Units of the Trust are not deposits of any bank and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Underlying ETF Market Risk. The FLEX Options represent indirect positions in the Underlying ETF and are subject to risks associated with changes in value as the price of the Underlying ETF rises or falls. The investment in the FLEX Options includes the risk that their value may be affected by market risk related to the Underlying ETF, the Underlying Index and the value of the securities in the Underlying Index held by the Underlying ETF. Market risk is the risk that the value of the securities will fluctuate. Market value fluctuates in response to various factors. These can include changes in interest rates, inflation, the financial condition of a security's issuer, perceptions of an issuer, ratings on a bond, or political or economic events affecting the issuer. While the FLEX Options are individually related to the Underlying ETF, the return on the FLEX Options depends on the price of the Underlying ETF at the close of the NYSE on the FLEX Option Expiration Date and will be substantially determined by market conditions and the Underlying ETF and the value of the securities comprising the Underlying ETF as of such time.

Common Stocks Risk. The Underlying ETF is an ETF that seeks to provide investment results that, before expenses, correspond generally to the price and yield performance of the S&P 500[®] Index. The value of the Underlying ETF will fluctuate over time based on changes in the value of the Underlying Index and securities represented by the Underlying ETF, which are subject to risks associated with investments in common stocks. Common stocks are subject to the risk that their prices will fall. Common stock prices fluctuate for several reasons including changes in investors' perceptions of the financial condition of an issuer or the general condition of the relevant stock market, such as market volatility, or when political or economic events affecting the issuers occur. Common stock prices may also be particularly sensitive to rising interest rates, as the cost of capital rises and borrowing costs increase, negatively impacting issuers. Common stocks represent a proportional share of ownership in a company. Shareholders of common stocks have rights to receive payments that are generally subordinate to those of creditors of, or holders of debt obligations or preferred stocks of, such issuers. Common stocks are structurally subordinated to preferred stocks, bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure, and represent a residual claim on the issuer's assets that have no value unless such assets are sufficient to cover all other claims.

Concentration Risk. When 25% or more of a trust's portfolio is invested in securities that provide exposure to companies within a single sector, the trust is considered to be concentrated in that particular sector. A portfolio concentrated in one or more sectors may present more risks than a portfolio broadly diversified over several sectors.

The Trust is concentrated in investments that provide exposure to the information technology sector.

Information Technology. A significant percentage of the stocks held by the Underlying ETF are issued by information technology companies. Technology companies are generally subject to the risks of rapidly changing technologies; short product life cycles; fierce competition; aggressive pricing; frequent introduction of new or enhanced products; the loss of patent, copyright and trademark protections; cyclical market patterns; evolving industry standards; and frequent new product introductions. Technology companies may be smaller and less experienced companies, with limited product lines, markets or financial resources. Technology company stocks have experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations that are often unrelated to their operating performance. Also, the stocks of many Internet companies have exceptionally high price to earnings ratios with little or no earnings histories.

Equity Investing Risk. Because the Trust holds FLEX Options that reference the Underlying ETF, the Trust has exposure to an investment in the Underlying ETF, which involves risks similar to those of investing in any fund of equity securities, such as market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic and political developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in securities prices.

An investment in the Underlying ETF is subject to the risks of any investment in a broadly based portfolio of common stocks, including the risk that the general level of stock prices may decline, thereby adversely affecting the value of such investment. The value of securities may fluctuate in accordance with changes in the financial condition of the issuers of the securities, the value of common stocks generally and other factors. The identity and weighting of the securities change from time to time.

The financial condition of issuers of the securities may become impaired or the general condition of the stock market may deteriorate, either of which may cause a decrease in the value of the portfolio and thus in the value of units. Since the Underlying ETF is not actively managed, the adverse financial condition of an issuer will not result in its elimination from the portfolio unless such issuer is removed from the Index.

Common stocks are susceptible to general stock market fluctuations and to volatile increases and decreases in value as market confidence in and perceptions of their issuers change. These investor perceptions are based on various and unpredictable factors, including expectations regarding government, economic, monetary and fiscal policies, inflation and interest rates, economic expansion or contraction, and global or regional political, economic and banking crises.

Holders of common stocks of any given issuer incur more risk than holders of preferred stocks and debt obligations of the issuer because the rights of common stockholders, as owners of the issuer, generally are subordinate to the rights of creditors of, or holders of debt obligations or preferred stocks issued by, such issuer. Further, unlike debt securities that typically have a stated principal amount payable at maturity, or preferred stocks that typically have a liquidation preference and may have stated optional or mandatory redemption provisions, common stocks have neither a fixed principal amount nor a maturity. Common stock values are subject to market fluctuations as long as the common stock remains outstanding. The value of the portfolio will fluctuate over the entire life of the Trust.

Large Capitalization Companies Risk. The securities held by the Underlying ETF are issued by large capitalization companies. The return on investment in stocks of large capitalization companies may be less than the return on investment in stocks of small and/or mid capitalization companies. Large capitalization companies may also grow at a slower rate than the overall market.

Capped Upside Risk. The Trust's strategy seeks to provide returns that match those of the Underlying ETF for Units purchased on the Trust's Initial Date of Deposit and held for the entire Outcome Period, subject to a pre-determined upside cap. If an investor does not hold its Units for the entire Outcome Period, the returns realized by that investor may not match those that the Trust seeks to achieve. If the Underlying ETF experiences gains during the Outcome Period, the Trust will not participate in those gains beyond the cap. If the anticipated return approaches the cap during the life of the Trust, some investors may choose to redeem early. Such behavior may impose increased costs on the Trust, reducing the return to the remaining Unit holders.

Buffered Loss Risk. There can be no guarantee that the Trust will be successful in its strategy to buffer against Underlying ETF losses if the Underlying ETF decreases over the Outcome Period by 30% or less. A Unit holder may lose their entire investment. The Trust's strategy seeks to deliver returns that match the price return of the Underlying ETF (up to the cap), while covering the first 30% of downside losses, if Units are bought on the day on which the Trust enters into the FLEX Options and held until those FLEX Options expire at the end of the Outcome Period. In the event an investor sells or redeems Units prior to the expiration of the FLEX Options, the buffer that the Trust seeks to provide may not be available.

Dilution Risk. If we deposit cash, you and new investors may experience a dilution of your investment. This is because prices of Securities will fluctuate between the time of the cash deposit and the purchase of the Securities, and because the Trust pays the associated brokerage fees. To reduce this dilution, the Trust will try to buy the Securities as close to the Evaluation Time and as close to the evaluation price as possible. You may also experience a dilution of your investment when the Trust sells Securities to meet redemption requests. Because the Trust pays the brokerage fees associated with the sale of Securities to meet redemption and exchange requests, frequent redemption and exchange activity will likely result in higher brokerage expenses. To the extent there is a dilution to your investment it is highly likely that you will not receive the hypothetical returns set forth in this prospectus.

Outcome Period Risk. The Trust's investment strategy is designed to deliver returns that match those of the Underlying ETF if Units are bought on the day on which the Trust enters into the FLEX Options (i.e., the first day of the Outcome Period) and held until those FLEX Options expire at the end of the Outcome Period, subject to the predetermined upside return cap. In the event an investor purchases Units after the first day of the Outcome Period or sells or redeems Units prior to the end of the Outcome Period, the value of that investor's investment in their Units may not be buffered against a decline in the value of the Underlying ETF and may not participate in a gain in the value of the Underlying ETF up to the cap for the investor's investment period.

FLEX Options Risk. Trading FLEX Options involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities. The Trust may experience substantial downside from specific FLEX Option positions and certain FLEX Option positions may expire worthless. The FLEX Options are listed on an exchange; however, no one can guarantee that a liquid secondary trading market will exist for the FLEX Options. In the event that trading in the FLEX Options is limited or absent, the value of the Trust's FLEX Options may decrease. In a less liquid market for the FLEX Options, liquidating the FLEX Options may require the payment of a premium (for written FLEX Options) or acceptance of a discounted price (for purchased FLEX Options) and may take longer to complete. A less liquid trading market may adversely impact the value of the FLEX Options and Trust Units and result in the Trust being unable to achieve its investment objective. Less liquidity in the trading of the Trusts FLEX Options could have an impact on the prices paid or received by the Trust for the FLEX Options in connection with redemptions of the Trust's Units. Depending on the nature of this impact to pricing, the Trust may be forced to pay more for redemptions than the price at which it currently values the FLEX Options. Such overpayment could reduce the Trust's ability to maintain the cap and buffer. Additionally, in a less liquid market for the FLEX Options, the liquidation of a large number of options may more significantly impact the price. A less liquid trading market may adversely impact the value of the FLEX Options and the value of your investment. The trading in FLEX Options may be less deep and liquid than the market for certain other exchange-traded options, non-customized options or other securities.

Transactions in FLEX Options are required to be centrally cleared. In a transaction involving FLEX Options, the Trust's counterparty is the OCC, rather than a bank or broker. Since the Trust is not a member of the OCC and only members ("clearing members") can participate directly in the OCC, the Trust will hold its FLEX Options through accounts at clearing members. Although clearing members guarantee performance of their clients' obligations to the OCC, there is a risk that the assets of the Trust might not be fully protected in the event of a clearing member's bankruptcy, as the Trust would be limited to recovering only a pro rata share of all available funds segregated on behalf of the clearing member's customers for the relevant account class. Additionally, the OCC may be unable or unwilling to perform its obligations under the FLEX Options contracts.

FLEX Options Valuation Risk. The FLEX Options held by the Trust will be exercisable at the strike price only on their expiration date. Prior to the expiration date, the value of the FLEX Options will be determined based upon market quotations or using other recognized pricing methods. The value of the FLEX Options does not increase or decrease at the same rate as the Underlying ETF (although they generally move in the same direction) or its underlying securities and FLEX Option prices may be highly volatile and may fluctuate substantially during a short period of time. The value of the FLEX Options prior to the expiration date may vary because of factors other than the value of the Underlying ETF, such as interest rate changes, changing supply and demand, decreased liquidity of the FLEX Options, a change in the actual and perceived volatility of the stock market and the Underlying ETF and the remaining time to expiration. An increase in the value of the written FLEX Options reduces the value of your Units. As the value of the written FLEX Options increases, the written FLEX Options have a more negative impact on the value of your Units. You should note that even if the value of the Underlying ETF does not change, if the value of a written FLEX Option increases (for example, based on increased volatility of the Underlying Index) your Units will lose value. After the premium is received on the written FLEX Options, the written FLEX Options will reduce the value of your Units.

During periods of reduced market liquidity or in the absence of readily available market quotations for the holdings of the Trust, the ability of the Sponsor to value the FLEX Options based on their good faith determination of the fair value becomes more difficult and the judgment of the Sponsor may play a greater role in the valuation of the Trust's holdings due to reduced availability of reliable objective pricing data. Consequently, while such determinations may be made in good faith, it may nevertheless be more difficult for the Trust to accurately assign a daily value and could result in greater fluctuation in their valuations from one day to the next than if market quotations were used. Under those circumstances, the value of the FLEX Options will require more reliance on the Sponsor's judgment than that required for securities for which there is an active trading market. This creates a risk of mispricing or improper valuation of the FLEX Options which could impact the value of the Trust's Units. There is no assurance that the Trust could sell or close out a portfolio position for the value established for it at any time, and it is possible that the Trust would incur a loss because a portfolio position is sold or closed out at a discount to the valuation established by the Trust at that time. In addition, the Trust's ability to value investments may be impacted by technological issues or errors by pricing services or other third-party service providers.

Investment in the Underlying ETF Risk. Because the Trust holds FLEX Options that reference a fund, Unit holders are subject to the risk that the securities selected by the fund's investment advisor will underperform the markets, the relevant indices or the securities selected by other funds. Further, the fund may in the future invest in other types of securities which involve risk which may differ from those set forth below. The fund referenced by the FLEX Options held by the Trust may invest a relatively high percentage of its assets in a limited number of issuers. As a result, the fund may be more susceptible to a single adverse economic or regulatory occurrence affecting one or more of these issuers, experience increased volatility and be highly concentrated in certain issuers.

ETFs Risk. ETFs are investment pools that hold other securities. The FLEX Options represent indirect positions in the Underlying ETF, which is an ETF, and are subject to risks associated with changes in value of the Underlying ETF, such as the following:

- *Index Correlation and Tracking Error Risk.* While the Underlying ETF is intended to track the performance of the Underlying Index, the Underlying ETF's returns may not match or achieve a high degree of correlation with the return of the Underlying Index. Index correlation risk is the risk that the performance of an index-based ETF will vary from the actual performance of the fund's target index, known as "tracking error." This can happen due to transaction costs, market impact, corporate actions (such as mergers and spin-offs) and timing variances. In addition, it is possible that the Underlying ETF may not always fully replicate the securities contained in the Underlying Index.
- *Market Trading Risk.* The Underlying ETF is structured as a unit investment trust registered under the 1940 Act. Unlike typical open-end funds or unit investment trusts, ETFs generally do not sell or redeem their individual shares at net asset value. Shares of ETFs may trade at a discount from their net asset value in the secondary market. This risk is separate and distinct from the risk that the net asset value of the ETF shares may decrease. The amount of such discount from net asset value is subject to change from time to time in response to various factors. ETFs generally sell and redeem shares in large blocks (often known as "Creation Units"). In addition, securities exchanges list ETF shares for trading, which allows investors to purchase and sell individual ETF shares at current market prices throughout the day. ETFs therefore possess characteristics of traditional open-end funds and unit investment trusts, which issue redeemable shares, and of corporate common stocks or closed-end funds, which generally issue shares that trade at negotiated prices on securities exchanges and are not redeemable.
- *Passive Investment Risk.* The Underlying ETF is a passively-managed index fund that seeks to replicate the performance and composition of the Underlying Index. As a result, the Underlying ETF will hold constituent securities of the Underlying Index regardless of the current or projected performance on a specific security or particular industry or market sector. Maintaining investments in the securities regardless of market conditions of the performance of individual securities could cause the Underlying ETF's returns to be lower than if it employed an active strategy.

Counterparty Risk. Trust transactions involving a counterparty are subject to the risk that the counterparty will not fulfill its obligation to the Trust. Counterparty risk may arise because of the counterparty's financial condition (i.e., financial difficulties, bankruptcy, or insolvency), market activities and developments, or other reasons, whether foreseen or not. A counterparty's inability to fulfill its obligation may result in significant financial loss to the Trust. The Trust may be unable to recover its investment from the counterparty or may obtain a limited recovery, and/or recovery may be delayed. The OCC acts as guarantor and central counterparty with respect to the FLEX Options. As a result, the ability of the Trust to meet its objective depends on the OCC being able to meet its obligations. In the unlikely event that the OCC becomes insolvent or is otherwise unable to meet its settlement obligations, the Trust could suffer significant losses.

Tax Risk. The Trust intends to treat any income it may derive from the FLEX Options as "qualifying income" under the provisions of the Code applicable to regulated investment companies ("RICs"). In addition, based upon language in the legislative history, the Trust intends to treat the issuer of the FLEX Options as the referenced asset, which, assuming the referenced asset qualifies as a RIC, would allow the Trust to qualify for special rules in the RIC diversification requirements. If the income is not qualifying income or the issuer of the FLEX Options is not appropriately the referenced asset, the Trust could lose its own status as a RIC.

Regulated Investment Company Qualification Risk. To maintain its status as a RIC, the Trust must distribute at least 90% of its investment company taxable income and at least 90% of its net tax-exempt interest income annually. In addition, to avoid a non-deductible excise tax, the Trust must distribute at least 98% of its ordinary income and at least 98.2% of its capital gain net income. The Trust has entered into option agreements with the same counterparty and taken the position that the option agreements are separate agreements. Under general tax principles, a regulated investment company would not accrue income on separate option agreements during the term of the agreements. However, if the agreements are treated as one agreement, the Trust might be required to accrue income currently during the term and make annual distributions of income. If the Trust is required to accrue income but does not distribute the income to the investors, the Trust may fail to qualify as a regulated investment company. In addition, if the agreements are treated as one agreement, the Trust may fail either or both of the RIC income and diversification tests. Separately, depending upon the circumstances, sales to fund redemptions could cause the Trust to recognize income that the Trust is required to distribute to maintain the Trust's RIC status and avoid the excise tax. Funding such distributions could require additional sales, which could require more distributions and affect the projected performance of the Trust. Alternatively, if the Trust only makes distributions to maintain its RIC status and becomes subject to the excise tax, that could also affect the projected performance of the Trust. In either case, the assets sold to fund redemptions, distributions or pay the excise tax will not be available to assist the Trust in meeting its target outcome. If the Trust fails to qualify as a regulated investment company, it will be subject to tax as a C corporation.

Section 1258 Risk. Section 1258 of the Internal Revenue Code requires the gain from conversion transactions to be recharacterized as ordinary income. The Trust contains a straddle, which would generally produce ordinary income or short term capital gain. When a transaction sold as producing capital gains from certain types of investments, including straddles that create a return tied to the time value of money, the transaction may be treated as a conversion transaction, and all gain from the transaction may be treated as ordinary income.

Early Trust Termination Risk. The Trustee has the power to terminate your Trust early in limited cases as described under "Amending or Terminating the Indenture" including if the value of the Securities owned by the Trust as shown by any evaluation is less than the lower of \$2,000,000 or 20% of the total value of Securities deposited in the Trust during the initial offering period. This could result in a reduction in the value of Units and result in a significant loss to investors.

Distributions Risk. If the amount of cash in the Income and Capital Accounts of the Trust are insufficient to provide for expenses and other amounts payable by the Trust, the Trust may sell Securities to pay such amounts. These sales may result in losses to Unit holders and the inability of the Trust to meet its investment objective. There is no assurance that your investment will maintain its size or composition.

Market Risk. Market risk is the risk that a particular security, or Units of the Trust in general, may fall in value or underperform other investments. Securities are subject to market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic, political, regulatory or market developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in securities prices. The Federal Reserve has begun to lower interest rates and may continue to do so in the future. Potential future bank failures could result in disruption to the broader banking industry or markets generally and reduce confidence in financial institutions and the economy as a whole, which may also heighten market volatility and reduce liquidity. Additionally, challenges in commercial real estate markets, including declining valuations and elevated vacancies, could have a broader impact on financial markets. In addition, local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, natural disasters, spread of infectious diseases or other public health issues, recessions, political turbulence or other events could have a significant negative impact on the Trust and its investments. The ongoing adversarial political climate in the United States, as well as political and diplomatic events both domestic and abroad, have had and may continue to have an adverse impact on the U.S. regulatory landscape, markets and investor behavior, which could have a negative impact on the Trust's investments and operations. The change in administration resulting from the 2024 United States national elections could result in significant impacts to international trade relations, tax and immigration policies, and other aspects of the national and international political and financial landscape, which could affect, among other things, inflation and the securities markets generally. Administrative actions against companies in certain industries, such as the defense industry, prohibiting them from paying dividends or engaging in stock buybacks, may negatively impact the performance of such companies and the Trust's investments. Ongoing armed conflicts between Russia and Ukraine in Europe and among the United States, Israel, Iran, Hamas, Hezbollah and other militant groups in the Middle East, have caused and could continue to cause significant market disruptions and volatility within the markets in Russia, Europe, the Middle East, the United States, and other nations. Such events may also disrupt global trade and supply chains, increase sanctions and other governmental actions, and contribute to volatility in oil and natural gas markets. The hostilities and sanctions resulting from those hostilities could have a significant impact on certain Trust investments as well as Trust performance. The economies of the United States and its trading partners, as well as the financial markets generally, may be adversely impacted by trade disputes, including the imposition of tariffs, and other matters. A public health crisis, and the ensuing policies enacted by governments and central banks in response, could cause significant volatility and uncertainty in global financial markets, negatively impacting global growth prospects. Such events may affect certain geographic regions, countries, sectors and industries more significantly than others. Advancements in technology may also adversely impact markets and the overall performance of the Trust. For instance, the economy may be significantly impacted by the advanced development and increased regulation of artificial intelligence. Additionally, cybersecurity breaches of both government and non-government entities could have negative impacts on infrastructure and the ability of such entities, including the Trust, to operate properly. Such events could adversely affect the prices and liquidity of the Trust's portfolio securities and could result in disruptions in the trading markets. Any such circumstances could have a materially negative impact on the value of the Trust's Units and result in increased market volatility.

Absence of an Active Market in the Underlying ETF Risk. The Underlying ETF faces numerous market trading risks, including the potential lack of an active market for Underlying ETF shares due to a limited number of market makers or authorized participants. The Underlying ETF may rely on a small number of third-party market makers to provide a market for the purchase and sale of shares and market makers are under no obligation to make a market in the Underlying ETF's shares. Additionally, only a limited number of institutions act as authorized participants for the Underlying ETF and only an authorized participant may engage in creation or redemption transactions directly with the Underlying ETF and are not obligated to submit purchase or redemption orders for creation units. Decisions by market makers or authorized participants to reduce their role or step away from these activities in times of market stress could inhibit the effectiveness of the arbitrage process in maintaining the relationship between the underlying values of the Underlying ETF's portfolio securities and the Underlying ETF's market price. Any trading halt or other problem relating to the trading activity of these market makers or any issues disrupting the authorized participants' ability to proceed with creation and/or redemption orders could result in a dramatic change in the spread between the Underlying ETF's net asset value and the price at which the Underlying ETF's shares are trading on the Exchange, which could result in a decrease in value of the Underlying ETF's shares. This reduced effectiveness could result in the Underlying ETF's shares trading at a premium or discount to net asset value and also in greater than normal intraday bid-ask spreads for Underlying ETF's shares.

Fluctuation of Net Asset Value of the Underlying ETF Risk. The net asset value of shares of the Underlying ETF will generally fluctuate with changes in the market value of the Underlying ETF's holdings. The market prices of shares will generally fluctuate in accordance with changes in net asset value as well as the relative supply of and demand for shares on the exchange on which they trade. The bid/ask spread may also widen depending on market conditions and the liquidity of the underlying investments held by the Underlying ETF. The Trust cannot predict whether shares will trade below, at or above their net asset value because the shares trade on an exchange at market prices and not at net asset value. Price differences may be due, in large part, to the fact that supply and demand forces at work in the secondary trading market for shares will be closely related to, but not identical to, the same forces influencing the prices of the holdings of the Underlying ETF trading individually or in the aggregate at any point in time.

Underlying ETF Trading Issues Risk. Although the shares of the Underlying ETF are listed for trading on a securities exchange, there can be no assurance that an active trading market for such shares will develop or be maintained. Trading in shares on such exchanges may be halted due to market conditions or for reasons that, in the view of an exchange, make trading in shares inadvisable. In addition, trading in shares on an exchange is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility pursuant to the exchange's "circuit breaker" rules. Market makers are under no obligation to make a market in the Underlying ETF shares. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the exchange necessary to maintain the listing of the Underlying ETF will continue to be met or will remain unchanged. In particular, if the Underlying ETF does not comply with any provision of the listing standards of an exchange that are applicable to the Underlying ETF, and cannot bring itself into compliance within a reasonable period after discovering the matter, the exchange may remove the shares of the Underlying ETF from listing. The Underlying ETF may have difficulty maintaining its listing on an exchange in the event that the Underlying ETF's assets are small or the Underlying ETF does not have enough shareholders.

Cybersecurity Risk. As the use of Internet technology has become more prevalent in the course of business, the Trust has become more susceptible to potential operational, information security and related risks through breaches in cybersecurity. A breach in cybersecurity refers to both intentional and unintentional events that may cause the Trust to lose proprietary information, suffer data corruption or lose operational capacity, any of which could result in a material adverse effect on the Trust or its Unit holders. Such events could cause the Sponsor of the Trust to incur regulatory penalties, reputational damage, additional compliance costs associated with corrective measures and/or financial loss. Cybersecurity breaches may involve unauthorized access to digital information systems utilized by the Trust through "hacking" or malicious software coding, but may also result from outside attacks such as denial-of-service attacks through efforts to make network services unavailable to intended users. Emerging threats like ransomware or zero-day exploits could also cause disruptions to Trust operations. In addition, cybersecurity breaches of the Trust's third-party service providers, or issuers in which the Trust invests, can also subject the Trust to many of the same risks associated with direct cybersecurity breaches. Further, errors, misconduct, or compromise of accounts of employees of the Sponsor, Portfolio Supervisor or the Trust's third-party service providers can also create material cybersecurity risks. The Sponsor of, and third-party service provider to, the Trust have established risk management systems designed to reduce the risks associated with cybersecurity. However, there is no guarantee that such efforts will succeed, especially because the Trust does not directly control the cybersecurity systems of issuers or third-party service providers. Cybersecurity incidents may also trigger Trust obligations under data privacy laws, potentially increasing notification and compliance burdens. Cybersecurity incidents affecting issuers in whose securities the Trust invests may also have a negative impact on the value of the securities of such issuers, and in turn, the value of the Trust.

Operational Risk. The Trust is subject to risks arising from various operational factors, including, but not limited to, human error, processing and communication errors, errors of the Trust's service providers, counterparties or other third-parties, failed or inadequate processes and technology or systems failures. These errors or failures may adversely affect the Trust's operations, including its ability to execute its investment process, calculate or disseminate its NAV in a timely manner, and process purchases or redemptions. The Trust relies on third-parties for a range of services. Any delay or failure relating to engaging or maintaining such service providers may affect the Trust's ability to meet its investment objective. Although the Trust seeks to reduce these operational risks through controls and procedures, there is no way to completely protect against such risks.

Legislation/Litigation Risk. From time to time, various legislative initiatives are proposed in the United States and abroad which may have a negative impact on certain of the Trust's investments. For example, recently adopted tax legislation, tax regulations proposed by the U.S. Treasury or positions taken by the Internal Revenue Service could affect the value of the Trust by changing the taxation or tax characterizations of the Trust's investments, or dividends and other income paid by or related to such Securities. Litigation regarding any of the issuers of the Securities, or the industries represented by these issuers, may negatively impact the value of these Securities. We cannot predict what impact any pending or proposed legislation or pending or threatened litigation will have on the value of the Trust's investments.

Who Should Invest

You should consider an investment in the Trust if you want:

- the potential for capital appreciation on the Underlying ETF subject to a cap and with a limited degree of downside "buffered" protection.
- to forgo gains greater than the Capped Return.
- a growth-oriented investment that will receive no periodic distributions.
- to accept the risk of as much as a 70% loss of principal.

You should not consider an investment in the Trust if you:

- are uncomfortable with the risks of an unmanaged investment in option contracts.
- are uncomfortable with exposure to the risks associated with the Trust's FLEX Options.
- are uncomfortable with a return that depends upon the performance of the Underlying ETF.
- are uncomfortable foregoing gains greater than the Capped Return.
- are not willing to be subject to a maximum return that is less than the Capped Return (potentially much less), or a buffer that is less than the "Buffered Protection," if Units are purchased at a price other than the initial net asset value.
- are uncomfortable with the risk that you may lose as much as 70% of your principal.
- are uncomfortable with not receiving any income or periodic distributions.
- cannot hold the Units until the Mandatory Termination Date.
- are considering purchasing Units at or near the Capped Return.

Public Offering

The Public Offering Price.

Units will be purchased at the Public Offering Price, the price per Unit of which is comprised of the following:

- The aggregate underlying value of the purchased FLEX Options, less the value of the written FLEX Options;
- The amount of any cash in the Income and Capital Accounts; and
- The maximum sales charge (which combines an initial upfront sales charge and the creation and development fee).

The price you pay for your Units will differ from the amount stated under "Summary of Essential Information" due to various factors, including fluctuations in the prices of the Securities and changes in the value of the Income and/or Capital Accounts.

Although you are not required to pay for your Units until one business day following your order (the "date of settlement"), you may pay before then. You will become the owner of Units ("Record Owner") on the date of settlement if payment has been received. If you pay for your Units before the date of settlement, we may use your payment during this time and it may be considered a benefit to us, subject to the limitations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

The number of Units available may be insufficient to meet demand. This may be because of the Sponsor's inability to, or decision not to, purchase and deposit underlying Securities in amounts sufficient to maintain the proportionate numbers of shares of each Security as required to create additional Units or because of its inability to sell FLEX Options.

Organization Costs. Cash which comprises the portion of the Public Offering Price intended to be used to reimburse the Sponsor for the Trust's organization costs (including costs of preparing the registration statement, the Indenture and other closing documents, registering Units with the SEC and states, licensing fees required for the establishment of the Trust under license agreements which provide for full payment of the licensing fees not later than the conclusion of the organization expense period, the initial audit of the Trust's statement of net assets, legal fees and the initial fees and expenses of the Trustee) has been included in the Trust. The Sponsor will be reimbursed for the Trust's organization costs at the end of the initial offering period (a significantly shorter time period than the life of the Trust). To the extent actual organization costs are less than the estimated amount, only the actual organization costs will ultimately be charged to the Trust.

Minimum Purchase.

The minimum amount per account you can purchase of the Trust is generally \$1,000 worth of Units, but such amounts may vary depending on your selling firm.

Maximum Sales Charge.

The maximum sales charge of 1.85% per Unit is comprised of a transactional sales charge and a creation and development fee. After the initial offering period the maximum sales charge will be reduced by 0.49%, to reflect the amount of the previously charged creation and development fee.

Transactional Sales Charge.

The transactional sales charge you will pay is comprised of an initial sales charge.

Initial Sales Charge. The initial sales charge, which you will pay at the time of purchase, is equal to the difference between the maximum sales charge of 1.85% of the Public Offering Price and the remaining creation and development fee (initially \$.050 per Unit). On the Initial Date of Deposit, the initial sales charge is equal to approximately 1.36% of the Public Offering Price of a Unit. Thereafter, it will vary from 1.36% depending on the purchase price of your Units and as the creation and development fee payments are made. When the Public Offering Price per Unit exceeds \$10.226, the initial sales charge will exceed 1.36% of the Public Offering Price.

Creation and Development Fee.

As Sponsor, we will also receive, and the Unit holders will pay, a creation and development fee. See “Expenses and Charges” for a description of the services provided for this fee. The creation and development fee is a charge of \$.050 per Unit collected at the end of the initial offering period.

Discounts for Certain Persons.

The maximum sales charge is 1.85% per Unit and the maximum dealer concession is 1.25% per Unit.

If you are purchasing Units for an investment account, the terms of which provide that your registered investment advisor or registered broker/dealer (a) charges periodic fees in lieu of commissions; (b) charges for financial planning, investment advisory or asset management services; or (c) charges a comprehensive “wrap fee” or similar fee for these or comparable services (“Fee Accounts”), you will not be assessed the transactional sales charge described above on such purchases. These Units will be designated as Fee Account Units and assigned a Fee Account CUSIP Number. Certain Fee Account Unit holders may be assessed transaction or other account fees on the purchase and/or redemption of such Units by their registered investment advisor, broker/dealer or other processing organizations for providing certain transaction or account activities. Fee Account Units are not available for purchase in the secondary market. We reserve the right to limit or deny purchases of Units not subject to the transactional sales charge by investors whose frequent trading activity we determine to be detrimental to the Trust.

Employees, officers and directors (and immediate family members) of the Sponsor, our related companies, and dealers and their affiliates will purchase Units at the Public Offering Price less the applicable dealer concession, subject to the policies of the related selling firm. Immediate family members include spouses, or the equivalent if recognized under local law, children or step-children under the age of 21 living in the same household, parents or step-parents and trustees, custodians or fiduciaries for the benefit of such persons. Only employees, officers and directors of companies that allow their employees to participate in this employee discount program are eligible for the discounts.

The Value of the Securities.

The Sponsor will determine the aggregate underlying value of the Securities in the Trust as of the Evaluation Time on each business day and will adjust the Public Offering Price of the Units according to this valuation. This Public Offering Price will be effective for all orders received before the Evaluation Time on each such day. If we or the Trustee receive orders for purchases, sales or redemptions after that time, or on a day which is not a business day, they will be held until the next determination of price. The term “business day” as used in this prospectus shall mean any day on which the NYSE is open. For purposes of Securities and Unit settlement, the term business day does not include days on which U.S. financial institutions are closed.

The aggregate underlying value of the FLEX Options in the Trust will generally be determined based on the last quoted sale price where readily available and appropriate. If no trades occur for a specific trade date or the Sponsor determines that market quotations are unavailable or inappropriate (e.g., due to infrequent transactions or thin trading), the Sponsor will determine the underlying value of the Securities based on their good faith determination of the fair value of the Securities at their discretion. To determine the fair value of the Securities, where available, the Sponsor will start with values generated using model prices provided by an independent third party, which uses a proprietary algorithm using standard option valuation variables and calculations. Where such values are not available and to assess the reasonableness of the above valuations, the Sponsor will generate their own model-based valuations of the Securities, including using the Black-Scholes model for option valuation, and use current market quotations and ask/bid prices for comparable listed options that are more actively traded.

Distribution of Units

We intend to qualify Units of the Trust for sale in a number of states. All Units will be sold at the then current Public Offering Price.

The Sponsor compensates intermediaries, such as broker/dealers and banks, for their activities that are intended to result in sales of Units of the Trust. This compensation includes dealer concessions described in the following section and may include additional concessions and other compensation and benefits to broker/dealers and other intermediaries.

Dealer Concessions.

Dealers and other selling agents can purchase Units at prices which reflect a concession or agency commission of 1.25% of the Public Offering Price per Unit, subject to reductions set forth in “Public Offering—Discounts for Certain Persons.”

Eligible dealer firms and other selling agents who, during the previous consecutive 12-month period through the end of the most recent month, sold primary market units of unit investment trusts sponsored by us in the dollar amounts shown below will be entitled to up to the following additional sales concession on primary market sales of units during the current month of unit investment trusts sponsored by us:

Total sales (in millions)	Additional Concession
\$25 but less than \$100	0.035%
\$100 but less than \$150	0.050%
\$150 but less than \$250	0.075%
\$250 but less than \$1,000	0.100%
\$1,000 but less than \$5,000	0.125%
\$5,000 but less than \$7,500	0.150%
\$7,500 or more	0.175%

Dealers and other selling agents will not receive a concession on the sale of Units which are not subject to a transactional sales charge, but such Units will be included in determining whether the above volume sales levels are met. Eligible dealer firms and other selling agents include clearing firms that place orders with First Trust and provide First Trust with information with respect to the representatives who initiated such transactions. Eligible dealer firms and other selling agents will not include firms that solely provide clearing services to other broker/dealer firms or firms who place orders through clearing firms that are eligible dealers. We reserve the right to change the amount of concessions or agency commissions from time to time. Certain commercial banks may be making Units of the Trust available to their customers on an agency basis. A portion of the transactional sales charge paid by these customers is kept by or given to the banks in the amounts shown above.

Other Compensation and Benefits to Broker/Dealers.

The Sponsor, at its own expense and out of its own profits, currently provides additional compensation and benefits to broker/dealers who sell Units of this Trust and other First Trust products. This compensation is intended to result in additional sales of First Trust products and/or compensate broker/dealers and financial advisors for past sales. A number of factors are considered in determining whether to pay these additional amounts. Such factors may include, but are not limited to, the level or type of services provided by the intermediary, the level or expected level of sales of First Trust products by the intermediary or its agents, the placing of First Trust products on a preferred or recommended product list, access to an intermediary’s personnel, and other factors. The Sponsor makes these payments for marketing, promotional or related expenses, including, but not limited to, expenses of entertaining retail customers and financial advisors, advertising, sponsorship of events or seminars, obtaining information about the breakdown of unit sales among an intermediary’s representatives or offices, obtaining shelf space in broker/dealer firms and similar activities designed to promote the sale of the Sponsor’s products. The Sponsor makes such payments to a substantial majority of intermediaries that sell First Trust products. The Sponsor may also make certain payments to, or on behalf of, intermediaries to defray a portion of their costs incurred for the purpose of facilitating Unit sales, such as the costs of developing or purchasing trading systems to process Unit trades. Payments of such additional compensation described in this and the preceding paragraph, some of which may be characterized as “revenue sharing,” create a conflict of interest by influencing financial intermediaries and their agents to sell or recommend a First Trust product, including the Trust, over products offered by other sponsors or fund companies. These arrangements will not change the price you pay for your Units.

Advertising and Investment Comparisons.

Advertising materials regarding the Trust may discuss several topics, including: developing a long-term financial plan; working with your financial professional; the nature and risks of various investment strategies and unit investment trusts that could help you reach your financial goals; the importance of discipline; how the Trust operates; how securities are selected; various unit investment trust features such as convenience and costs; and options available for certain types of unit investment trusts. These materials may include descriptions of the principal businesses of the companies represented in the Trust, research analysis of why they were selected and information relating to the qualifications of the persons or entities providing the research analysis. In addition, they may include research opinions on the economy and industry sectors included and a list of investment products generally appropriate for pursuing those recommendations.

From time to time we may compare the estimated returns of the Trust (which may show performance net of the expenses and charges the Trust would have incurred) and returns over specified periods of other similar trusts we sponsor in our advertising and sales materials, with (1) returns on other taxable investments such as the common stocks comprising various market indexes, corporate or U.S. Government bonds, bank CDs and money market accounts or funds, (2) performance data from Morningstar, Inc. or (3) information from publications such as *Money*, *The New York Times*, *U.S. News and World Report*, *Bloomberg Businessweek*, *Forbes* or *Fortune*. The investment characteristics of the Trust differ from other comparative investments. You should not assume that these performance comparisons will be representative of the Trust's future performance. We may also, from time to time, use advertising which classifies trusts or portfolio securities according to capitalization and/or investment style.

The Sponsor's Profits

We will receive a gross sales commission equal to the maximum transactional sales charge per Unit less any reduction as stated in "Public Offering." We will also receive the amount of any collected creation and development fee. Also, any difference between our cost to purchase the Securities and the price at which we sell them to the Trust is considered a profit or loss (see Note 3 of "Schedule of Investments"). During the initial offering period, dealers and others may also realize profits or sustain losses as a result of fluctuations in the Public Offering Price they receive when they sell the Units.

In maintaining a market for the Units, any difference between the price at which we purchase Units and the price at which we sell or redeem them will be a profit or loss to us.

The Secondary Market

Although not obligated, we may maintain a market for the Units after the initial offering period and continuously offer to purchase Units at prices based on the Redemption Price per Unit.

We will pay all expenses to maintain a secondary market, except fees to value Trust Securities and Trustee costs to transfer and record the ownership of Units. We may discontinue purchases of Units at any time. **If you wish to dispose of your Units, you should ask us for the current market prices before making a tender for redemption to the Trustee.**

How We Purchase Units

The Trustee will notify us of any tender of Units for redemption. If our bid at that time is equal to or greater than the Redemption Price per Unit, we may purchase the Units. You will receive your proceeds from the sale no later than if they were redeemed by the Trustee. We may tender Units that we hold to the Trustee for redemption as any other Units. If we elect not to purchase Units, the Trustee may sell tendered Units in the over-the-counter market, if any. However, the amount you will receive is the same as you would have received on redemption of the Units.

Expenses and Charges

The estimated annual expenses of the Trust are listed under "Fee Table." If actual expenses of the Trust exceed the estimate, the Trust will bear the excess. The Trustee will pay operating expenses of the Trust from the Income Account of the Trust if funds are available, and then from the Capital Account. The Income and Capital Accounts are non-interest-bearing to Unit holders, so the Trustee may earn interest on these funds, thus benefiting from their use.

First Trust Advisors L.P., an affiliate of ours, acts as Portfolio Supervisor and will be compensated for providing portfolio supervisory services as well as bookkeeping and other administrative services to the Trust. In providing portfolio supervisory services, the Portfolio Supervisor may purchase research services from a number of sources, which may include underwriters or dealers of the Trust. In addition, the Portfolio Supervisor may, at its own expense, employ one or more sub-Portfolio Supervisors to assist in providing services to the Trust. The Portfolio Supervisor has employed Vest Financial LLC for research services and as sub-Portfolio Supervisor. As Sponsor, we will be compensated for providing evaluation services and we will receive brokerage fees when the Trust uses us (or an affiliate of ours) as agent in buying or selling Securities. As authorized by the Indenture, the Trustee may employ a subsidiary or affiliate of the Trustee to act as broker to execute certain transactions for the Trust. The Trust will pay for such services at standard commission rates.

The fees payable to the Sponsor, First Trust Advisors L.P. and the Trustee are based on the largest aggregate number of Units of the Trust outstanding at any time during the calendar year, except during the initial offering period, in which case these fees are calculated based on the largest number of Units outstanding during the period for which compensation is paid. These fees may be adjusted for inflation without Unit holders' approval, but in no case will the annual fees paid to us or our affiliates for providing services to all unit investment trusts be more than the actual cost of providing such services in such year.

As Sponsor, we will receive a fee from the Trust for creating and developing the Trust, including determining the Trust's objectives, policies, composition and size, selecting service providers and information services and for providing other similar administrative and ministerial functions. The "creation and development fee" is a charge of \$.050 per Unit outstanding at the end of the initial offering period. The Trustee will deduct this amount from the Trust's assets as of the close of the initial offering period. We do not use this fee to pay distribution expenses or as compensation for sales efforts. This fee will not be deducted from your proceeds if you sell or redeem your Units before the end of the initial offering period.

In addition to the Trust's operating expenses and those fees described above, the Trust may also incur the following charges:

- All legal expenses of the Trustee according to its responsibilities under the Indenture;
- The expenses and costs incurred by the Trustee to protect the Trust and your rights and interests (i.e., participating in litigation concerning a portfolio security) and the costs of indemnifying the Trustee;
- Fees for any extraordinary services the Trustee performed under the Indenture;
- Payment for any loss, liability or expense the Trustee incurred without negligence, bad faith or willful misconduct on its part, in connection with its acceptance or administration of the Trust;
- Payment for any loss, liability or expenses we incurred without negligence, bad faith or willful misconduct in acting as Sponsor of the Trust;
- Foreign custodial and transaction fees (which may include compensation paid to the Trustee or its subsidiaries or affiliates), if any; and/or
- All taxes and other government charges imposed upon the Securities or any part of the Trust.

The above expenses and the Trustee's annual fee are secured by a lien on the Trust. In addition, if there is not enough cash in the Income or Capital Account, the Trustee has the power to sell Securities to make cash available to pay these charges which may result in capital gains or losses to you. See "Tax Status."

Tax Status

RICs holding Cash and FLEX Options on State Street® SPDR® S&P 500® ETF Trust.

Tax Risk. The Trust intends to treat any income it may derive from the FLEX Options as "qualifying income" under the provisions of the Code applicable to RICs. In addition, based upon language in the legislative history, the Trust intends to treat the issuer of the FLEX Options as the referenced asset, which, assuming the referenced asset qualifies as a RIC, would allow the Trust to qualify for special rules in the RIC diversification requirements. If the income is not qualifying income or the issuer of the FLEX Options is not appropriately the referenced asset, the Trust could lose its own status as a RIC.

Regulated Investment Company Qualification Risk. To maintain its status as a RIC, the Trust must distribute at least 90% of its investment company taxable income and at least 90% of its net tax-exempt interest income annually. In addition, to avoid a non-deductible excise tax, the Trust must distribute at least 98% of its ordinary income and at least 98.2% of its capital gain net income. The Trust has entered into option agreements with the same counterparty and taken the position that the option agreements are separate agreements. Under general tax principles, a regulated investment company would not accrue income on separate option agreements during the term of the agreements. However, if the agreements are treated as one agreement, the Trust might be required to accrue income currently during the term and make annual distributions of income. If the Trust is required to accrue income but does not distribute the income to the investors, the Trust may fail to qualify as a regulated investment company. In addition, if the agreements are treated as one agreement, the Trust may fail either or both of the RIC income and diversification tests. Separately, depending upon the circumstances, sales to fund redemptions could cause the Trust to recognize income that the Trust is required to distribute to maintain the Trust's RIC status and avoid the excise tax. Funding such distributions could require additional sales, which could require more distributions and affect the projected performance of the Trust. Alternatively, if the Trust only makes distributions to maintain its RIC status and becomes subject to the excise tax, that could also affect the projected performance of the Trust. In either case, the assets sold to fund redemptions, distributions or pay the excise tax will not be available to assist the Trust in meeting its target outcome. If the Trust fails to qualify as a regulated investment company, it will be subject to tax as a C corporation.

Section 1258 Risk. Section 1258 of the Internal Revenue Code requires the gain from conversion transactions to be recharacterized as ordinary income. The Trust contains a straddle, which would generally produce ordinary income or short term capital gain. When a transaction sold as producing capital gains from certain types of investments, including straddles that create a return tied to the time value of money, the transaction may be treated as a conversion transaction, and all gain from the transaction may be treated as ordinary income.

Federal Tax Matters.

This section discusses some of the main U.S. federal income tax consequences of owning Units of the Trust as of the date of this prospectus. Tax laws and interpretations change frequently, and this summary does not describe all of the tax consequences to all taxpayers. For example, this summary generally does not describe your situation if you are a broker/dealer or other investor with special circumstances. In addition, this section may not describe your state, local or non-U.S. tax consequences.

This federal income tax summary is based in part on the advice of counsel to the Sponsor. The Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) could disagree with any conclusions set forth in this section. In addition, our counsel may not have been asked to review, and may not have reached a conclusion with respect to the federal income tax treatment of the assets to be deposited in the Trust. This summary may not be sufficient for you to use for the purpose of avoiding penalties under federal tax law.

As with any investment, you should seek advice based on your individual circumstances from your own tax advisor.

Trust Status.

Unit investment trusts maintain both Income and Capital Accounts, regardless of tax structure. Please refer to the “Income and Capital Distributions” section of the prospectus for more information.

The Trust intends to qualify as a RIC under the federal tax laws. If the Trust qualifies as a RIC and distributes its income as required by the tax law, the Trust generally will not pay federal income taxes. For federal income tax purposes, you are treated as the owner of the Trust Units and not of the assets held by the Trust.

Distributions from the Trust.

Although the Trust does not intend to make any distributions during its life, Trust distributions are generally taxable. After the end of each year, you will receive a tax statement that separates the Trust’s distributions into ordinary income dividends, capital gain dividends and return of capital. Income reported is generally net of expenses (but see “Treatment of Trust Expenses” below). Ordinary income dividends are generally taxed at your ordinary income tax rate, however, certain dividends received from the Trust may be taxed at the capital gains tax rates. Generally, all capital gain dividends are treated as long-term capital gains regardless of how long you have owned your Units. In addition, the Trust may make distributions that represent a return of capital for tax purposes and will generally not be currently taxable to you, although they generally reduce your tax basis in your Units and thus increase your taxable gain or decrease your loss when you dispose of your Units. The tax laws may require you to treat distributions made to you in January as if you had received them on December 31 of the previous year.

Some distributions from the Trust may qualify as long-term capital gains, which, if you are an individual, is generally taxed at a lower rate than your ordinary income and short-term capital gain income. The distributions from the Trust that you must take into account for federal income tax purposes are not reduced by the amount used to pay a deferred sales charge, if any. Distributions from the Trust, including capital gains, may also be subject to a “Medicare tax” if your adjusted gross income exceeds certain threshold amounts. In addition, because some of the positions in the FLEX Options may be offsetting, the ability of the Trust to obtain long-term capital gain treatment may be reduced. Also, to the extent the gain on the FLEX Options exceeds the gain on the Underlying ETF, there is a risk that Section 1260 of the Internal Revenue Code will recharacterize such excess gain as ordinary income.

Treatment of the FLEX Options.

The Trust's investments in offsetting positions with respect to the Underlying ETF may be "straddles" for U.S. federal income tax purposes. The straddle rules may affect the character of gains (or losses) realized by the Trust, and losses realized by the Trust on positions that are part of a straddle may be deferred under the straddle rules, rather than being taken into account in calculating taxable income for the taxable year in which the losses are realized. In addition, certain carrying charges (including interest expense) associated with positions in a straddle may be required to be capitalized rather than deducted currently. Certain elections that the Trust may make with respect to its straddle positions may also affect the amount, character and timing of the recognition of gains or losses from the affected positions.

The tax consequences of straddle transactions to the Trust are not entirely clear in all situations under currently available authority. The straddle rules may increase the amount of short-term capital gain realized by the Trust, which is taxed as ordinary income when distributed to U.S. shareholders in a non-liquidating distribution. Because application of the straddle rules may affect the character of gains or losses, defer losses and/or accelerate the recognition of gains or losses from the affected straddle positions, if the Trust makes a non-liquidating distribution of its short-term capital gain, the amount which must be distributed to U.S. shareholders as ordinary income may be increased or decreased substantially as compared to the Trust that did not engage in such transactions.

The FLEX Options included in the portfolio are exchange-traded options. Under Section 1256 of the Code, certain types of exchange-traded options are treated as if they were sold (i.e., "marked to market") at the end of each year. The Trust does not believe that the positions held by the Trust will be subject to Section 1256, which means that the positions will not be marked to market, but the positions will be subject to the straddle rules.

Sale of Units.

If you sell your Units (whether to a third party or to the Trust), you will generally recognize a taxable gain or loss. To determine the amount of this gain or loss, you must subtract your (adjusted) tax basis in your Units from the amount you receive from the sale. Your original tax basis in your Units is generally equal to the cost of your Units, including sales charges. In some cases, however, you may have to adjust your tax basis after you purchase your Units, in which case your gain would be calculated using your adjusted basis.

The tax statement you receive in regard to the sale or redemption of your Units may contain information about your basis in the Units and whether any gain or loss recognized by you should be considered long-term or short-term capital gain. The information reported to you is based upon rules that do not take into consideration all of the facts that may be known to you or to your advisors. You should consult with your tax advisor about any adjustments that may need to be made to the information reported to you in determining the amount of your gain or loss.

Treatment of Trust Expenses.

Expenses incurred and deducted by the Trust will generally not be treated as income taxable to you. In some cases, however, you may be required to treat your portion of these Trust expenses as income. You may not be able to take a deduction for some or all of these expenses even if the cash you receive is reduced by such expenses.

Non-U.S. Investors.

If you are a non-U.S. investor, distributions from the Trust treated as dividends will generally be subject to a U.S. withholding tax of 30% of the distribution. Certain dividends, such as capital gains dividends, short-term capital gains dividends, and distributions that are attributable to certain interest income may not be subject to U.S. withholding taxes. In addition, some non-U.S. investors may be eligible for a reduction or elimination of U.S. withholding taxes under a treaty. However, the qualification for those exclusions may not be known at the time of the distribution and some excluded income may be taken into consideration for alternative minimum tax purposes.

Separately, the United States, pursuant to the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA") imposes a 30% tax on certain non-U.S. entities that receive U.S. source interest or dividends if the non-U.S. entity does not comply with certain U.S. disclosure and reporting requirements. This FATCA tax also currently applies to the gross proceeds from the disposition of securities that produce U.S. source interest or dividends. However, proposed regulations may eliminate the requirement to withhold on payments of gross proceeds from dispositions.

It is the responsibility of the entity through which you hold your Units to determine the applicable withholding.

You should consult your tax advisor regarding potential foreign, state or local taxation with respect to your Units.

Retirement Plans

You may purchase Units of the Trust for:

- Individual Retirement Accounts;
- Keogh Plans;
- Pension funds; and
- Other tax-deferred retirement plans.

Generally, the federal income tax on capital gains and income received in each of the above plans is deferred until you receive distributions. These distributions are generally treated as ordinary income but may, in some cases, be eligible for special averaging or tax-deferred rollover treatment. Before participating in a plan like this, you should review the tax laws regarding these plans and consult your attorney or tax advisor. Brokerage firms and other financial institutions offer these plans with varying fees and charges.

Rights of Unit Holders

Unit Ownership.

Ownership of Units will not be evidenced by certificates. If you purchase or hold Units through a broker/dealer or bank, your ownership of Units will be recorded in book-entry form at the Depository Trust Company (“DTC”) and credited on its records to your broker/dealer’s or bank’s DTC account. Transfer of Units will be accomplished by book entries made by DTC and its participants if the Units are registered to DTC or its nominee, Cede & Co. DTC will forward all notices and credit all payments received in respect of the Units held by the DTC participants. You will receive written confirmation of your purchases and sales of Units from the broker/dealer or bank through which you made the transaction. You may transfer your Units by contacting the broker/dealer or bank through which you hold your Units.

Unit Holder Reports.

The Trustee will prepare a statement detailing the per Unit amounts (if any) distributed from the Income Account and Capital Account in connection with each distribution. In addition, at the end of each calendar year, the Trustee will prepare a statement which contains the following information:

- A summary of transactions in the Trust for the year;
- A list of any Securities sold during the year and the Securities held at the end of that year by the Trust;
- The Redemption Price per Unit, computed on the 31st day of December of such year (or the last business day before); and
- Amounts of income and capital distributed during the year.

By February 15th yearly, the Annual Reports are posted to the Sponsor’s website (www.ftportfolios.com) in the UIT Tax Center and retrievable by CUSIP. You may also request one be sent to you by calling the Sponsor at 800-621-1675, dept. code 2. In addition, you may also request from the Trustee copies of the evaluations of the Securities as prepared by the Sponsor to enable you to comply with applicable federal and state tax reporting requirements.

Distributions

You will be eligible to receive distributions, if any, on your Units only after you become a Record Owner. The Trustee will credit any receipts, such as return of capital or capital gain dividends, to the Capital Account of the Trust. The Trust does not, however, intend to make any distributions during its life.

Distributions, if any, will be made on the twenty-fifth day of December (“Distribution Date”) to Unit holders of record on the tenth day of such month (“Record Date”). The Trustee may distribute funds in the Capital Account in December of each year to avoid imposition of any income or excise taxes on undistributed income in the Trust and will distribute funds as part of the final liquidation distribution.

If a Capital Account Distribution Date is a day on which the NYSE is closed, the distribution will be made on the next day the stock exchange is open. Distributions are paid on the twenty-fifth day of each month to Unit holders of record determined as of the close of business on the Record Date for that distribution or, if the Record Date is a day on which the NYSE is closed, the first preceding day on which the exchange is open.

Within a reasonable time after the Trust is terminated, you will receive the pro rata share of the money from the sale of the Securities and amounts in the Income and Capital Accounts. All Unit holders will receive a pro rata share of any other assets remaining in the Trust, after deducting any unpaid expenses.

The Trustee may establish reserves (the “Reserve Account”) within the Trust to cover anticipated state and local taxes or any governmental charges to be paid out of that Trust.

Redeeming Your Units

You may redeem all or a portion of your Units at any time by sending a request for redemption to your broker/dealer or bank through which you hold your Units. You are responsible for any governmental charges that apply. Certain broker/dealers may charge a transaction fee for processing redemption requests. One business day after the day you tender your Units (the "Date of Tender") you will receive cash in an amount for each Unit equal to the Redemption Price per Unit calculated at the Evaluation Time on the Date of Tender.

The Date of Tender is considered to be the date on which your redemption request is received by the Trustee from the broker/dealer or bank through which you hold your Units (if such day is a day the NYSE is open for trading). However, if the redemption request is received after the Initial Evaluation Time on the Initial Date of Deposit or, thereafter, 4:00 p.m. Eastern time (or after any earlier closing time on a day on which the NYSE is scheduled in advance to close at such earlier time), the Date of Tender is the next day the NYSE is open for trading.

Any amounts paid on redemption representing income will be withdrawn from the Income Account if funds are available for that purpose, or from the Capital Account. All other amounts paid on redemption will be taken from the Capital Account.

If permitted, broker/dealers that tender for redemption at least 14,894 Units (and in increments of 7,447 Units above such amount), or such other number of Units as determined by the Sponsor which will result in a pro rata distribution of whole shares of Securities, rather than receiving cash, may elect to receive an In-Kind Distribution in an amount equal to the Redemption Price per Unit by making this request to the Trustee at the time of tender. No In-Kind Distribution requests submitted during the 10 business days prior to the Trust's Mandatory Termination Date will be honored. Where possible, the Trustee will make an In-Kind Distribution by distributing each of the Securities in book-entry form to the broker/dealer's account at DTC. The Trustee will subtract any customary transfer and registration charges from an In-Kind Distribution. As a tendering Unit holder, the broker/dealer will receive its pro rata number of whole shares of Securities that make up the portfolio, and cash from the Capital Account equal to the fractional shares to which it is entitled.

The Trustee may sell Securities to make funds available for redemption. The Trustee will purchase the written FLEX Options which will cancel them and sell the purchased FLEX Options. Because of the minimum amounts in which the FLEX Options must be traded, the proceeds of Securities sold may exceed the amount required at the time to redeem Units. In addition, due to timing issues, the Trustee may need to sell more Securities than anticipated to satisfy redemptions. Both of these events could cause a dilution of remaining Unit holders' investments, reduce Unit values and cause the Trust not to achieve the hypothetical returns set forth in this prospectus. These excess proceeds will be distributed to Unit holders. If Securities are sold, the size and diversification of the Trust will be reduced. These sales may result in lower prices than if the Securities were sold at a different time.

Your right to redeem Units (and therefore, your right to receive payment) may be delayed:

- If the NYSE is closed (other than customary weekend and holiday closings);
- If the SEC determines that trading on the NYSE is restricted or that an emergency exists making sale or evaluation of the Securities not reasonably practical; or
- For any other period permitted by SEC order.

The Trustee is not liable to any person for any loss or damage which may result from such a suspension or postponement.

The Redemption Price.

The Redemption Price per Unit is determined by the Trustee by:

adding

1. cash in the Income and Capital Accounts of the Trust not designated to purchase Securities; and
2. the aggregate underlying value of the purchased FLEX Options held by the Trust; and

deducting

1. the aggregate value of the written FLEX Options;
2. any applicable taxes or governmental charges that need to be paid out of the Trust;
3. any amounts owed to the Trustee for its advances;
4. estimated accrued expenses of the Trust, if any;
5. cash held for distribution to Unit holders of record of the Trust as of the business day before the evaluation being made;
6. liquidation costs for foreign Securities, if any; and
7. other liabilities incurred by the Trust; and

dividing

1. the result by the number of outstanding Units of the Trust.

Until they are collected, the Redemption Price per Unit will include estimated organization costs as set forth under “Fee Table.”

Removing Securities from the Trust

The portfolio of the Trust is not managed. However, we may, but are not required to, direct the Trustee to dispose of a Security in certain limited circumstances, including situations in which:

- The issuer of the Security defaults in the payment of a declared dividend;
- Any action or proceeding prevents the payment of dividends;
- There is any legal question or impediment affecting the Security;
- The issuer of the Security has breached a covenant which would affect the payment of dividends, the issuer’s credit standing, or otherwise damage the sound investment character of the Security;
- The issuer has defaulted on the payment of any other of its outstanding obligations;
- There has been a public tender offer made for a Security or a merger or acquisition is announced affecting a Security, and that in our opinion the sale or tender of the Security is in the best interest of Unit holders;
- The sale of Securities is necessary or advisable (i) in order to maintain the qualification of the Trust as a “regulated investment company” or (ii) to provide funds to make any distribution for a taxable year in order to avoid imposition of any income or excise taxes on undistributed income in the Trust;
- The price of the Security has declined to such an extent, or such other credit factors exist, that in our opinion keeping the Security would be harmful to the Trust;
- As a result of the ownership of the Security, the Trust or its Unit holders would be a direct or indirect shareholder of a passive foreign investment company; or
- The sale of the Security is necessary for the Trust to comply with such federal and/or state laws, regulations and/or regulatory actions and interpretations which may be in effect from time to time.

Except for instances in which the Trust acquires Replacement Securities, as described in “The FT Series,” the Trust will generally not acquire any securities or other property other than the Securities. The Trustee, on behalf of the Trust and at the direction of the Sponsor, will vote for or against any offer for new or exchanged securities or property in exchange for a Security, such as those acquired in a merger or other transaction. If such exchanged securities or property are acquired by the Trust, at our instruction, they will either be sold or held in the Trust. In making the determination as to whether to sell or hold the exchanged securities or property we may get advice from the Portfolio Supervisor. Any proceeds received from the sale of Securities, exchanged securities or property will be credited to the Capital Account of the Trust for distribution to Unit holders or to meet redemption requests. The Trustee may retain and pay us or an affiliate of ours to act as agent for the Trust to facilitate selling Securities, exchanged securities or property from the Trust. If we or our affiliate act in this capacity, we will be held subject to the restrictions under the 1940 Act. When acting in an agency capacity, we may select various broker/dealers to execute securities transactions on behalf of the Trust, which may include broker/dealers who sell Units of the Trust. We do not consider sales of Units of the Trust or any other products sponsored by First Trust as a factor in selecting such broker/dealers. As authorized by the Indenture, the Trustee may also employ a subsidiary or affiliate of the Trustee to act as broker in selling such Securities or property. The Trust will pay for these brokerage services at standard commission rates.

The Trustee may sell Securities designated by us, or, absent our direction, at its own discretion, in order to meet redemption requests or pay expenses. In designating Securities to be sold, we will try to maintain the proportionate relationship among the Securities. If this is not possible, the composition and diversification of the Trust may be changed.

Amending or Terminating the Indenture

Amendments. The Indenture may be amended by us and the Trustee without your consent:

- To cure ambiguities;
- To correct or supplement any defective or inconsistent provision;
- To make any amendment required by any governmental agency; or
- To make other changes determined not to be adverse to your best interests (as determined by us and the Trustee).

Termination. As provided by the Indenture, the Trust will terminate on the Trust’s Mandatory Termination Date as stated in the “Summary of Essential Information.” The Trust may be terminated earlier:

- Upon the consent of 100% of the Unit holders of the Trust;
- If the value of the Securities owned by the Trust as shown by any evaluation is less than the lower of \$2,000,000 or 20% of the total value of Securities deposited in the Trust during the initial offering period (“Discretionary Liquidation Amount”); or
- In the event that Units of the Trust not yet sold aggregating more than 60% of the Units of the Trust are tendered for redemption by underwriters, including the Sponsor.

If the Trust is terminated due to this last reason, we will refund your entire sales charge. For various reasons, the Trust may be reduced below the Discretionary Liquidation Amount and could therefore be terminated before the Trust’s Mandatory Termination Date.

Unless terminated earlier, the Trustee may begin to sell Securities in connection with the termination of the Trust as early as nine business days prior to, but will sell Securities no later than, the Trust’s Mandatory Termination Date. We will determine the manner and timing of the sale of Securities. Because the Trustee must sell the Securities within a relatively short period of time, the sale of Securities as part of the termination process may result in a lower sales price than might otherwise be realized if such sale were not required at this time.

The scheduled Trust’s Mandatory Termination Date will be on the same day as the expiration date of the FLEX Options. If the Trust is terminated early, the Trustee will sell the purchased FLEX Options and enter into a closing purchase transaction as a result of which the written FLEX Options will be canceled.

You will receive a cash distribution from the sale of the remaining Securities, along with your interest in the Income and Capital Accounts, within a reasonable time after the Trust is terminated. The Trustee will deduct from the Trust any accrued costs, expenses, advances or indemnities provided for by the Indenture, including estimated compensation of the Trustee and costs of liquidation and any amounts required as a reserve to pay any taxes or other governmental charges.

Information on Vest Financial LLC, the Sponsor and Trustee

Vest Financial LLC.

Vest Financial LLC (“Vest”), a registered investment advisory firm, is a subsidiary of Vest Group, Inc. (“VG”). First Trust Capital Partners, LLC, an affiliate of the Sponsor, is the largest single holder of voting shares in VG.

Vest is a leading advisor to financial professionals and investment managers on Target Outcome Investments, a new class of investments that target a defined return profile, with an allowance for a specific level risk, at a particular point in time in the future. Vest applies its expertise in options-based Target Outcome Investments to managed accounts, mutual funds and UITs. These products seek to provide investors with targeted protection, enhanced returns, defined income and a level of predictability unattainable with most other investments available today.

The Sponsor.

We, First Trust Portfolios L.P., specialize in the underwriting, trading and wholesale distribution of unit investment trusts under the “First Trust” brand name as well as other securities. An Illinois limited partnership formed in 1991, we took over the First Trust product line and act as Sponsor for successive series of:

- The First Trust Combined Series
- FT Series (formerly known as The First Trust Special Situations Trust)
- The First Trust Insured Corporate Trust
- The First Trust of Insured Municipal Bonds
- The First Trust GNMA
- FTP Series

The First Trust product line commenced with the first insured unit investment trust in 1974. To date we have deposited more than \$670 billion in First Trust unit investment trusts. Our employees include a team of professionals with many years of experience in the unit investment trust industry.

We are a member of FINRA and SIPC. Our principal offices are at 120 East Liberty Drive, Wheaton, Illinois 60187; telephone number 800-621-1675. As of December 31, 2025, the total partners’ capital of First Trust Portfolios L.P. was \$125,781,225.

This information refers only to us and not to the Trust or to any series of the Trust or to any other dealer. We are including this information only to inform you of our financial responsibility and our ability to carry out our contractual obligations. We will provide more detailed financial information on request.

Code of Ethics. The Sponsor and the Trust have adopted a code of ethics requiring the Sponsor’s employees who have access to information on Trust transactions to report personal securities transactions. The purpose of the code is to avoid potential conflicts of interest and to prevent fraud, deception or misconduct with respect to the Trust.

The Trustee.

The Trustee is The Bank of New York Mellon, a trust company organized under the laws of New York. The Bank of New York Mellon has its unit investment trust division offices at 240 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10286, telephone 800-813-3074. If you have questions regarding your account or your Trust, please contact the Trustee at its unit investment trust division offices or your financial advisor. The Sponsor does not have access to individual account information. The Bank of New York Mellon is subject to supervision and examination by the Superintendent of the New York State Department of Financial Services and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and its deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to the extent permitted by law.

The Trustee has not participated in selecting the Securities; it only provides administrative services. A broker which is a member of the OCC engaged by the Sponsor has custody of the Trust's FLEX Options; the Trustee has custody of the Trust assets other than the FLEX Options.

Limitations of Liabilities of Sponsor and Trustee.

Neither we nor the Trustee will be liable for taking any action or for not taking any action in good faith according to the Indenture. We will also not be accountable for errors in judgment. We will only be liable for our own willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence (ordinary negligence in the Trustee's case) or reckless disregard of our obligations and duties. The Trustee is not liable for any loss or depreciation when the Securities are sold. If we fail to act under the Indenture, the Trustee may do so, and the Trustee will not be liable for any action it takes in good faith under the Indenture.

The Trustee will not be liable for any taxes or other governmental charges or interest on the Securities which the Trustee may be required to pay under any present or future law of the United States or of any other taxing authority with jurisdiction. Also, the Indenture states other provisions regarding the liability of the Trustee.

If we do not perform any of our duties under the Indenture or are not able to act or become bankrupt, or if our affairs are taken over by public authorities, then the Trustee may:

- Appoint a successor sponsor, paying them a reasonable rate not more than that stated by the SEC; or
- Terminate the Indenture and liquidate the Trust.

The Trustee and Unit holders may rely on the accuracy of any evaluation prepared by the Sponsor. The Sponsor will make determinations in good faith based upon the best available information, but will not be liable to the Trustee or Unit holders for errors in judgment.

Other Information

Legal Opinions.

Our counsel is Chapman and Cutler LLP, 320 S. Canal St., Chicago, Illinois 60606. They have passed upon the legality of the Units offered hereby and certain matters relating to federal tax law. Carter Ledyard & Milburn LLP acts as the Trustee's counsel.

Experts.

The Trust's statement of net assets, including the schedule of investments, as of the opening of business on the Initial Date of Deposit included in this prospectus, has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report appearing herein, and is included in reliance upon the report of such firm given upon their authority as experts in accounting and auditing.

Supplemental Information.

If you write or call the Sponsor, you will receive free of charge supplemental information about this Series, which has been filed with the SEC and to which we have referred throughout. This information states more specific details concerning the nature, structure and risks of this product.

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FIRST TRUST®

Vest Large Cap Deep Buffered 30 Portfolio, Series 60 FT 13058

Sponsor:

 First Trust

First Trust Portfolios L.P.
Member SIPC • Member FINRA
120 East Liberty Drive
Wheaton, Illinois 60187
800-621-1675

Trustee:

The Bank of New York Mellon
240 Greenwich Street
New York, New York 10286
800-813-3074
24-Hour Pricing Line:
800-446-0132

When Units of the Trust are no longer available, this prospectus may be used as a preliminary prospectus for a future series, in which case you should note the following:
The information in the prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell, or accept offers to buy, securities of a future series until that series has become effective with the SEC. No securities can be sold in any state where a sale would be illegal.

This prospectus contains information relating to the above-mentioned unit investment trust, but does not contain all of the information about this investment company as filed with the SEC in Washington, D.C. under the:
Securities Act of 1933 (file no. 333-295930) and
Investment Company Act of 1940 (file no. 811-05903)

Information about the Trust, including its Code of Ethics, can be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. Information regarding the operation of the SEC's Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling the SEC at 202-942-8090.

Information about the Trust is available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Internet site at www.sec.gov.

To obtain copies at prescribed rates –

Write: Public Reference Section of the SEC
100 F Street, N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20549

July 8, 2026

PLEASE RETAIN THIS PROSPECTUS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

FIRST TRUST®

The FT Series

INFORMATION SUPPLEMENT

This Information Supplement provides additional information concerning the structure, operations and risks of the unit investment trust contained in FT 13058 not found in the prospectus for the Trust. This Information Supplement is not a prospectus and does not include all of the information you should consider before investing in the Trust. This Information Supplement should be read in conjunction with the prospectus for the Trust in which you are considering investing.

This Information Supplement is dated July 8, 2026. Capitalized terms have been defined in the prospectus.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC

The Licensed Index is a product of S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC or its affiliates (“SPDJI”) and has been licensed for use by First Trust Advisors L.P. S&P®, S&P 500®, US 500, The 500, iBoxx®, iTraxx® and CDX® are trademarks of S&P Global, Inc. or its affiliates (“S&P”); Dow Jones® is a registered trademark of Dow Jones Trademark Holdings LLC (“Dow Jones”); and these trademarks have been licensed for use by SPDJI and sublicensed for certain purposes by First Trust Advisors L.P. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. The Trust is not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by SPDJI, Dow Jones, S&P, any of their respective affiliates (collectively, “S&P Dow Jones Indices”). S&P Dow Jones Indices does not make any representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of the Trust or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in the Trust particularly or the ability of the Licensed Index to track general market performance. Past performance of an index is not an indication or guarantee of future results. S&P Dow Jones Indices’ only relationship to First Trust Advisors L.P. with respect to the Licensed Index is the licensing of the Index and certain trademarks, service marks and/or trade names of S&P Dow Jones Indices and/or its licensors. The Licensed Index is determined, composed and calculated by S&P Dow Jones Indices without regard to First Trust Advisors L.P. or the Trust. S&P Dow Jones Indices has no obligation to take the needs of First Trust Advisors L.P. or the owners of the Trust into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the Licensed Index. S&P Dow Jones Indices has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Trust. There is no assurance that investment products based on the Licensed Index will accurately track index performance or provide positive investment returns. S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC is not an investment adviser, commodity trading advisory, commodity pool operator, broker dealer, fiduciary, promoter” (as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended), “expert” as enumerated within 15 U.S.C. § 77k(a) or tax advisor. Inclusion of a security, commodity, crypto currency or other asset within an index is not a recommendation by S&P Dow Jones Indices to buy, sell, or hold such security, commodity, cryptocurrency or other asset, nor is it considered to be investment advice or commodity trading advice. SPDJI provides indices that use environmental, social and/or governance (ESG) indicators (including, without limit, business involvement screens, conformance to voluntary corporate standards, GHG emissions data, and ESG scores) to select, weight and/or exclude constituents. ESG indicators seek to measure a company’s, or an asset’s performance, with respect to E, S and/or G criteria. ESG indicators are derived from publicly reported data, modelled data, or a combination of reported and modelled data. ESG indicators are based on a qualitative assessment due to the absence of well-defined uniform market standards and the use of multiple methodologies to assess ESG factors. No single clear, definitive test or framework (legal, regulatory, or otherwise) exists to determine labels such as, ‘ESG’, ‘sustainable’, ‘good governance’, ‘no adverse environmental, social and/or other impacts’, or other equivalently labelled objectives. Therefore, the exercise of subjective judgment is necessary. Different persons may classify the same investment, products and/or strategy differently regarding the foregoing labels.

S&P DOW JONES INDICES DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ADEQUACY, ACCURACY, TIMELINESS AND/OR THE COMPLETENESS OF THE LICENSED INDEX OR ANY DATA RELATED THERETO OR ANY COMMUNICATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ORAL OR WRITTEN COMMUNICATION (INCLUDING ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS) WITH RESPECT THERETO. S&P DOW JONES INDICES SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO ANY DAMAGES OR LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS, OR DELAYS THEREIN. S&P DOW JONES INDICES MAKES NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE OR AS TO RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY FIRST TRUST ADVISORS L.P., OWNERS OF THE TRUST, OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FROM THE USE OF THE LICENSED INDEX OR WITH RESPECT TO ANY DATA RELATED THERETO. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT WHATSOEVER SHALL S&P DOW JONES INDICES BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, LOSS OF PROFITS, TRADING LOSSES, LOST TIME OR GOODWILL, EVEN IF THEY HAVE BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHERWISE. THERE ARE NO THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARIES OF ANY AGREEMENTS OR ARRANGEMENTS BETWEEN S&P DOW JONES INDICES AND FIRST TRUST ADVISORS L.P., OTHER THAN THE LICENSORS OF S&P DOW JONES INDICES.

Risk Factors

Securities. An investment in Units should be made with an understanding of the risks which an investment in common stocks entails, including the risk that the financial condition of the issuers of the Securities or the general condition of the relevant stock market may worsen, and the value of the Securities and therefore the value of the Units may decline. Common stocks are especially susceptible to general stock market movements and to volatile increases and decreases of value, as market confidence in and perceptions of the issuers change. These perceptions are based on unpredictable factors, including expectations regarding government, economic, monetary and fiscal policies, inflation and interest rates, economic expansion or contraction, and global or regional political, economic or banking crises.

UNDERTAKING

Subject to the terms and conditions of Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the undersigned registrant hereby undertakes to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission such supplementary and periodic information, documents, and reports as may be prescribed by any rule or regulation of the Commission heretofore or hereafter duly adopted pursuant to authority conferred in that section.

CONTENTS OF REGISTRATION STATEMENT

A. Bonding Arrangements of Depositor:

First Trust Portfolios L.P. is covered by a Brokers' Fidelity Bond, in the total amount of \$2,000,000, the insurer being National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.

B. This Registration Statement on Form S-6 comprises the following papers and documents:

The Facing Sheet

The Prospectus

The Signatures

Exhibits

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SIGNATURES

The Registrant, FT 13058, hereby identifies The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 4; The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 18; The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 69; The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 108; The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 119; The First Trust Special Situations Trust, Series 190; FT 286; The First Trust Combined Series 272; FT 412; FT 438; FT 556; FT 754; FT 1102; FT 1179; FT 2935; FT 3320; FT 3367; FT 3370; FT 3397; FT 3398; FT 3400; FT 3451; FT 3480; FT 3529; FT 3530; FT 3568; FT 3569; FT 3570; FT 3572; FT 3615; FT 3647; FT 3650; FT 3689; FT 3690; FT 3729; FT 3780; FT 3940; FT 4020; FT 4037; FT 4143; FT 4260; FT 4746; FT 4789; FT 5039; FT 5415; FT 7033; FT 7256; FT 7935; FT 8495; FT 8669; FT 8713; FT 8740; FT 8746; FT 8758; FT 8817; FT 8955; FT 8956; FT 8965; FT 8976; FT 8978; FT 8993; FT 8994; FT 8997; FT 9039; FT 9040; FT 9042; FT 9058; FT 9068; FT 9203; FT 9204; FT 9303; FT 9305; FT 9326; FT 9327; FT 9372; FT 9401; FT 9402; FT 9403; FT 9474; FT 9513; FT 9514; FT 9611; FT 9630; FT 9709; FT 9872; FT 9908; FT 9911; FT 9923; FT 9937; FT 9950; FT 9961; FT 9977; FT 9978; FT 10051; FT 10057; FT 10105; FT 10109; FT 10121; FT 10272; FT 10295; FT 10323; FT 10412; FT 10447; FT 10455; FT 10475; FT 10528; FT 10583; FT 10689; FT 10694; FT 10756; FT 10865; FT 10895; FT 10976; FT 11035; FT 11095; FT 11096; FT 11097; FT 11155; FT 11156; FT 11223; FT 11224; FT 11285; FT 11462; FT 11475; FT 11642; FT 11756; FT 11909; FT 12152; FT 12153; FT 12155; FT 12399; FT 12415; FT 12445; FT 12508; FT 12545; FT 12583; FT 12718; FT 12728; FT 12883; FT 12889; FT 12902; FT 13043 and FT 13045 for purposes of the representations required by Rule 487 and represents the following:

(1) that the portfolio securities deposited in the series with respect to which this Registration Statement is being filed do not differ materially in type or quality from those deposited in such previous series;

(2) that, except to the extent necessary to identify the specific portfolio securities deposited in, and to provide essential financial information for, the series with respect to the securities of which this Registration Statement is being filed, this Registration Statement does not contain disclosures that differ in any material respect from those contained in the registration statements for such previous series as to which the effective date was determined by the Commission or the staff; and

(3) that it has complied with Rule 460 under the Securities Act of 1933.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Registrant, FT 13058, has duly caused this Amendment to the Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Wheaton and State of Illinois on July 8, 2026.

FT 13058

By: FIRST TRUST PORTFOLIOS L.P.
Depositor

By: /s/ Ronda L. Saeli-Chiappe
Senior Vice President

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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Amendment to the Registration Statement has been signed below by the following person in the capacity and on the date indicated:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title*</u>	<u>Date</u>
James A. Bowen	Director of The Charger Corporation, the General Partner of First Trust Portfolios L.P., and Chief Executive Officer of First Trust Portfolios L.P.	By: <u>/s/ Ronda L. Saeli-Chiappe</u> Attorney-in-Fact** July 8, 2026
James M. Dykas	Chief Financial Officer of First Trust Portfolios L.P.	
Christina Knierim	Controller of First Trust Portfolios L.P.	

* The title of the person named herein represents his or her capacity in and relationship to First Trust Portfolios L.P., the Depositor.

** Executed copies of the related [powers of attorney](#) were filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with the Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 of FT 12910 (File No. 333-294321) and the same is hereby incorporated herein by this reference.

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CONSENT OF COUNSEL

The consent of counsel to the use of its name in the Prospectus included in this Registration Statement is contained in its opinion filed as Exhibit 3.1 of the Registration Statement.

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP to the use of its name in the Prospectus included in the Registration Statement is filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Registration Statement.

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EXHIBIT INDEX

- 1.1 [Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust](#) for FT 10292 and certain subsequent Series, effective September 7, 2022 among First Trust Portfolios L.P., as Depositor, The Bank of New York Mellon, as Trustee and First Trust Advisors L.P., as Portfolio Supervisor (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-266325] filed on behalf of FT 10292).
- 1.1.1 [Trust Agreement for FT 13058](#), effective July 8, 2026 among First Trust Portfolios L.P., as Depositor, The Bank of New York Mellon, as Trustee and First Trust Advisors L.P., as Portfolio Supervisor.
- 1.2 [Certificate of Limited Partnership](#) of Nike Securities, L.P., predecessor of First Trust Portfolios L.P. (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-230481] filed on behalf of FT 8001).
- 1.3 [Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement](#) of Nike Securities, L.P., predecessor of First Trust Portfolios

L.P. (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-230481] filed on behalf of FT 8001).

- 1.4 [Articles of Incorporation](#) of Nike Securities Corporation, predecessor to The Charger Corporation, the general partner of First Trust Portfolios L.P., Depositor (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-230481] filed on behalf of FT 8001).
- 1.5 [By-Laws](#) of The Charger Corporation, the general partner of First Trust Portfolios L.P., Depositor (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 2 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-169625] filed on behalf of FT 2669).
- 1.7 Fund of Funds Agreements (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-261661] filed on behalf of [FT 9909](#), Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-261297] filed on behalf of [FT 9857](#), Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-262164] filed on behalf of [FT 9948](#), Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-262344] filed on behalf of [FT 9965](#), Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-263845] filed on behalf of [FT 10083](#) and Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-274281] filed on behalf of [FT 11028](#)).
- 2.2 [Code of Ethics](#) (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-224320] filed on behalf of FT 7359).

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- 3.1 [Opinion of counsel](#) as to legality of securities being registered.
- 4.1 [Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm](#).
- 6.1 [List of Principal Officers](#) of the Depositor (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-236093] filed on behalf of FT 8556).
- 7.1 [Powers of Attorney](#) executed by the Officers listed on page S-3 of this Registration Statement (incorporated by reference to Amendment No. 1 to Form S-6 [File No. 333-294321] filed on behalf of FT 12910).

S-6

MEMORANDUM

FT 13058
File No. 333-295930

The Prospectus and the Indenture filed with Amendment No. 1 of the Registration Statement on Form S-6 have been revised to reflect information regarding the execution of the Indenture and the deposit of Securities on July 8, 2026 and to set forth certain statistical data based thereon. In addition, there are a number of other changes described below.

THE PROSPECTUS

<u>Cover Page</u>	The date of the Trust has been completed.
<u>Summary of Essential Information</u>	The Summary of Essential Information has been completed.
<u>Fee Table</u>	The Fee Table has been completed.
<u>Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</u>	The Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm has been completed.
<u>Statement of Net Assets</u>	The Statement of Net Assets has been completed.
<u>Schedule of Investments</u>	The Schedule of Investments has been completed.
<u>Back Cover</u>	The date of the Prospectus and file number has been completed.

THE TRUST AGREEMENT AND STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF TRUST

The Trust Agreement has been conformed to reflect the execution thereof.

/s/ CHAPMAN AND CUTLER LLP

July 8, 2026

TRUST AGREEMENT

Dated: July 8, 2026

The Trust Agreement among First Trust Portfolios L.P., as Depositor, The Bank of New York Mellon, as Trustee, and First Trust Advisors L.P., as Portfolio Supervisor, sets forth certain provisions in full and incorporates other provisions by reference to the document entitled “Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust for FT 10292 and certain subsequent Series, Effective: September 7, 2022” (herein called the “Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust”), and such provisions as are incorporated by reference constitute a single instrument. All references herein to Articles and Sections are to Articles and Sections of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust.

WITNESSETH THAT:

In consideration of the premises and of the mutual agreements herein contained, the Depositor, the Trustee, the Portfolio Supervisor agree as follows:

PART I

STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF TRUST

Subject to the provisions of Part II and Part III hereof, all the provisions contained in the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust are herein incorporated by reference in their entirety and shall be deemed to be a part of this instrument as fully and to the same extent as though said provisions had been set forth in full in this instrument. Facsimile or electronic signatures (including signatures in Portable Document Format (PDF)) to this Trust Agreement shall be acceptable and binding, and this Trust Agreement may be delivered by facsimile or other electronic means (including by electronic mail or a designated document storage website) confirmed by electronic mail.

PART II

SPECIAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF TRUST

VEST LARGE CAP DEEP BUFFERED 30 PORTFOLIO, SERIES 60

The following special terms and conditions are hereby agreed to:

A. The Securities initially deposited in the Trust pursuant to Section 2.01 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust are set forth in Schedule A hereto.

B. The aggregate number of Units delivered by the Trustee on the Initial Date of Deposit in exchange for the Securities pursuant to Section 2.03 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust and the initial fractional undivided interest in and ownership of the Trust represented by each Unit thereof are set forth in the Prospectus in the section “Summary of Essential Information.”

Documentation confirming the ownership of this number of Units for the Trust is being delivered by the Trustee to the Depositor pursuant to Section 2.03 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust.

C. The Record Date shall be as set forth in the Prospectus under “Distributions.” The Trustee shall pay the amounts specified in Part I of Section 3.05 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust which have accrued as of the last Business Day of each calendar month on or shortly after such Business Day, provided, however, that fees and expenses accrued during the initial offering period, as determined in Section 4.01 of the Indenture (such fees to be computed on the largest number of Units outstanding during the period for which the compensation is paid) shall be paid as provided in the following sentence. Fees payable pursuant to Section 4.03 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be paid on, or shortly after, the last Business Day of each calendar month, and fees paid to the Trustee shall be paid on or shortly after the calendar month in which the initial offering period ends, together with any accrual of fees and expenses during such calendar month after the initial offering period ends. Fees accrued during such month after the end of the initial offering period shall be computed on the number of Units outstanding at the opening of business on the Business Day immediately following the date on which the initial offering period ends.

D. The Distribution Date shall be the 25th day of the month in which the related Record Date occurs.

E. The Mandatory Termination Date for the Trust shall be as set forth in the Prospectus under “Summary of Essential Information.”

F. First Trust Advisors L.P.'s compensation as referred to in Section 3.16 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust and First Trust Portfolios L.P.'s compensation as referred to in Section 4.03 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be an annual aggregate fee in the amount of \$.0080 per Unit. The Trustee shall pay such aggregate amount to First Trust Advisors L.P. which shall be responsible to remit the Depositor's fee to First Trust Portfolios L.P. First Trust Advisors L.P. shall confirm such remittance and the amount thereof to the Trustee upon request.

G. The Trustee's compensation rate pursuant to Section 6.04 of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust shall be an annual fee in the amount of \$.0096 per Unit. However, in no event shall the Trustee receive compensation in any one year from any Trust of less than \$2,000.

H. The Initial Date of Deposit for the Trust is July 8, 2026.

I. There is no minimum amount of Securities to be sold by the Trustee pursuant to Section 5.02 of the Indenture for the redemption of Units.

J. The minimum number of Units a Unit holder must redeem in order to be eligible for an in-kind distribution of Securities pursuant to Section 5.02 is set forth in the Prospectus. No in-kind distribution requests submitted during the 10 Business Days prior to the Trust's Mandatory Termination Date will be honored.

K. No Unit holder will be eligible for an in-kind distribution of Securities pursuant to Section 8.02.

L. Pershing LLC will act as clearing broker with respect to transactions involving options and other instruments owned by the Trust cleared through the Options Clearing Corporation and in such capacity will maintain custody of such options and instruments.

M. For this Series, the Depositor will deliver the sum of \$10,000 to the aforementioned clearing broker which the clearing broker will credit to the account maintained by the clearing broker for the Trust. The Trustee will record such sum, and any income earned thereon, as an asset of the Reserve Account. The sum may be applied by the clearing broker to satisfy the liabilities due the clearing broker in respect of the Trust or its assets. To the extent the sum is so applied, it will be restored by liquidation of Trust assets at the Depositor's direction. The Trustee shall not treat any part of the sum as asset of the Trust (including, without limitation, for purposes of the calculation of the Trust Fund Evaluation pursuant to Section 5.01), unless and until the sum is applied to Trust liabilities without reimbursement from other Trust assets and in such event the Trustee shall treat only the unreimbursed amount as an asset of the Trust Fund. Upon termination of the Trust the sum, or such part of it which then remains, shall be returned to the Depositor.

N. For this Series, the Depositor will deposit cash with the Trustee in connection with the initial deposit of Securities in the amount specified in the Statement of Net Assets in the Prospectus, and will replicate such cash deposit in connection with any deposit of Additional Securities pursuant to Section 2.01(b)(5). Such cash shall be credited to the Capital Account of the Trust and shall be applied to payment of Trust expenses, including the Trust's annual operating expenses pursuant to Section 3.05(I) of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of Section 3.05(II) of the Standard Terms and Conditions of Trust, such cash shall not be included in the balance of the Capital Account to be distributed to Unit holders.

PART III

A. The definition of "Securities" as set forth in Section 1.01(23) shall be amended to include debt securities of corporations or other entities.

B. The following language shall be added at the end of Section 3.01:

"The Depositor's certification as to the amount of its reimbursable expenses shall be made in good faith on the basis of information available to it at the time. If the reimbursable expenses of organizing the Trust actually incurred by the Depositor are less than the amount certified, the Depositor shall cause the excess to be restored to the Trust and the Trustee shall credit any such amount to the Account or Accounts from which the expense reimbursement had been withdrawn."

C. The second paragraph of Section 3.05(II)(a) is amended to add the following sentence at the end thereof:

"Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 3.05, the Trustee will not be required to make a distribution from the Income Account of a Trust which has elected to qualify as a "regulated investment company" and does not make distributions of income calculated on the basis of one-twelfth of the annual income of the Trust unless the amount available for distribution from such account shall equal or exceed \$1.00 per 100 Units."

D. The first two sentences of the third paragraph of Section 3.11 shall be replaced with the following:

"Subject to the preceding paragraph, with respect to any Trust that holds shares of a closed-end fund, exchange traded fund or other investment fund (a "Deposited Fund"), the Trustee will provide the Depositor access to the information provided to the Trustee regarding matters on which voting or other action is solicited or required with respect to shares of a Deposited Fund. If the Depositor determines that the voting or response to such matters should not be done in accordance with the first paragraph of this Section and, with respect to any Trust which is a widely held fixed investment trust as defined in Treas. Reg. Section 1.671-5(b)(22) the outcome of voting or response to such matters will not result in such Trust receiving new or exchange securities, as certified to the Trustee by the Depositor upon which the Trustee shall conclusively rely, the Depositor will direct the Trustee in writing as to the manner in which the voting or response should be made not later than ten Business Days prior to due date for the vote or response."

E. Section 6.01(I)(II) through the end of such paragraph shall be replaced with the following:

“(II) Securities issued by the Trustee, its parent, or an affiliate or by an entity for which the Trustee, in its individual capacity, or its parent, or an affiliate acts as trustee or other service provider, or (in the case of an Option or other similar Security) references a security for which the Trustee, in its individual capacity, or its parent, or an affiliate acts as trustee or other service provider, and any such relationship shall not constitute a conflict of interest for any purpose hereunder or prevent the Trustee from acting hereunder, and the Trustee may otherwise deal with the Depositor and the Trust with the same rights and powers as if it were not the Trustee hereunder.”

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, First Trust Portfolios L.P., The Bank of New York Mellon and First Trust Advisors L.P. have each caused this Trust Agreement to be executed and the respective corporate seal to be hereto affixed and attested (if applicable) by authorized officers; all as of the day, month and year first above written.

FIRST TRUST PORTFOLIOS L.P.,
Depositor
FIRST TRUST ADVISORS L.P.,
Portfolio Supervisor

By /s/ Ronda L. Saeli-Chiappe
Senior Vice President of:
First Trust Portfolios L.P.
and
First Trust Advisors L.P.

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON, Trustee

By /s/ Ann S. Hom
Vice President

SCHEDULE A TO TRUST AGREEMENT

Securities Initially Deposited
FT 13058

(Note: Incorporated herein and made a part hereof for the Trust is the “Schedule of Investments” for the Trust as set forth in the Prospectus.)

July 8, 2026

First Trust Portfolios L.P.
120 East Liberty Drive
Suite 400
Wheaton, Illinois 60187

Re: FT 13058

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have served as counsel for First Trust Portfolios L.P., as Sponsor and Depositor of FT 13058 in connection with the preparation, execution and delivery of a Trust Agreement dated July 8, 2026 among First Trust Portfolios L.P., as Depositor, The Bank of New York Mellon, as Trustee, and First Trust Advisors L.P., as Portfolio Supervisor, pursuant to which the Depositor has delivered to and deposited the Securities listed in Schedule A to the Trust Agreement with the Trustee and pursuant to which the Trustee has issued to or on the order of the Depositor units of fractional undivided interest in and ownership of the Fund created under said Trust Agreement.

In connection therewith, we have examined such pertinent records and documents and matters of law as we have deemed necessary in order to enable us to express the opinions hereinafter set forth.

Based upon the foregoing, we are of the opinion that:

1. the execution and delivery of the Trust Agreement and the issuance of Units in the Fund have been duly authorized; and
2. the Units in the Fund when duly issued and delivered by the Trustee in accordance with the aforementioned Trust Agreement, will constitute valid and binding obligations of the Fund and the Depositor and such Units, when issued and delivered in accordance with the Trust Agreement against payment of the consideration set forth in the Trust prospectus, will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as an exhibit to the Registration Statement (File No. 333-295930) relating to the Units referred to above, to the use of our name and to the reference to our firm in said Registration Statement and in the related Prospectus.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ CHAPMAN AND CUTLER LLP

EFF/amh

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the use in this Registration Statement No. 333-295930 on Form S-6 of our report dated July 8, 2026, relating to the financial statement of FT 13058, comprising Vest Large Cap Deep Buffered 30 Portfolio, Series 60, one of the series constituting the FT Series, appearing in the Prospectus, which is a part of such Registration Statement, and to the reference to us under the heading “Experts” in such Prospectus.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Chicago, Illinois
July 8, 2026